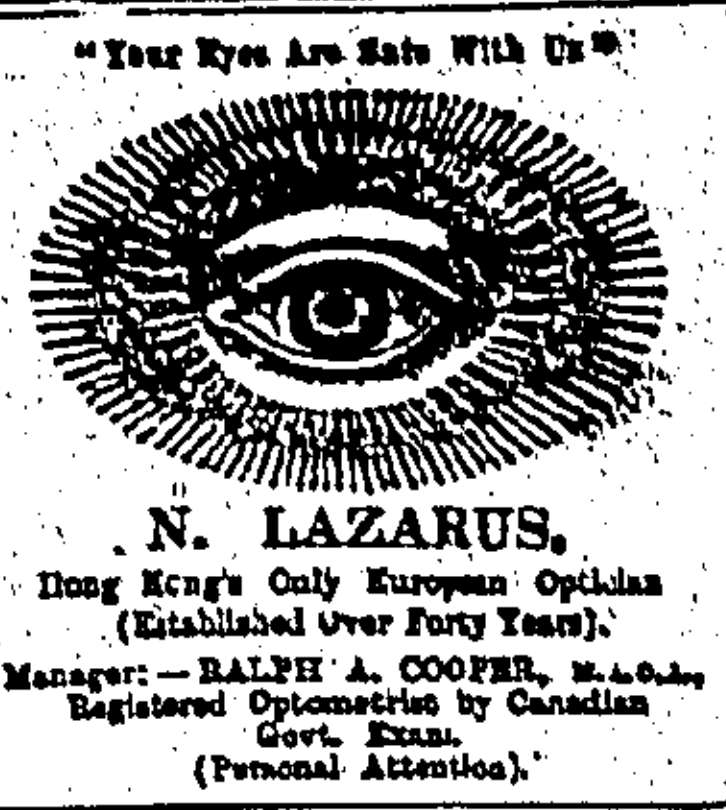


MASON'S
DELICIOUS
O.K.
SAUCE.

Hongkong Daily Press

ESTABLISHED 1857.

Registered as a Newspaper at the General
Post Office in the United Kingdom.



No. 21,854 號肆拾伍百捌千壹萬式第 日肆拾月陸辰戊 HONG KONG, MONDAY, JULY 30th, 1928. 登拜禮 日拾叁月柒年八廿百九千壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

TIME-TABLE.

UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Kowloon	6.40	8.05	9.10	10.00	11.15	1.15	2.35	3.00	4.30	5.45	7.30	8.30
Yuenai	6.49	8.14	9.19	10.09	11.24	1.24	2.44	3.09	4.39	5.54	7.39	8.39
Shatin	7.01	8.26	9.31	10.21	11.36	1.36	2.56	3.11	4.41	5.56	7.41	8.41
Tai Po Market	7.16	8.41	9.46	10.36	11.51	1.51	3.11	3.26	4.56	6.11	7.56	8.56
Tai Po	7.30	8.55	10.00	10.50	12.05	2.05	3.25	3.40	5.10	6.25	8.10	9.10
Fanning	7.50	9.05	10.10	11.00	12.15	2.15	3.35	3.50	5.20	6.35	8.20	9.20
Shuangchi	7.55	9.10	10.15	11.05	12.20	2.20	3.40	3.55	5.25	6.40	8.25	9.25
Shumshu	7.41	8.45	9.50	10.40	11.55	1.55	3.15	3.30	5.00	6.15	8.00	9.00
Canton	—	12.40	—	5.38	—	—	—	—	7.26	—	—	—

DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 P.M.
Canton	—	—	—	8.05	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	8.30
Shumshu	7.18	8.05	10.35	11.49	11.58	9.58	4.39	5.49	6.45	7.04	—	—
Shuangchi	7.25	8.12	10.42	—	12.03	9.58	4.46	5.56	6.52	—	—	—
Fanning	7.30	8.18	10.47	—	12.07	10.03	4.50	6.00	—	—	—	—
Tai Po Market	7.40	8.26	10.57	—	12.18	10.13	5.00	6.10	—	—	—	—
Tai Po	7.44	8.31	11.01	—	12.23	10.18	5.04	6.15	—	—	—	—
Shatin	7.57	8.44	11.14	—	12.36	10.29	5.17	6.28	—	—	—	—
Yuenai	8.11	8.56	11.28	—	12.48	10.41	5.29	6.40	—	—	—	—
Kowloon	8.17	9.03	11.33	12.29	12.54	10.55	5.38	6.46	7.28	7.44	—	—

(SUNDAYS AND PUBLIC HOLIDAYS ONLY.)

(FIRST CLASS ONLY.)

(WILL STOP AT ANY STATION ON REQUEST.)

Further information may be obtained at the RAILWAY OFFICES, KOWLOON, or from Messrs. TUCKER & SON, LTD., HONG KONG, or from THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY, HONG KONG.

R. BAKER, Manager.

HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONG KONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMSHIP CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

HONG KONG—CANTON LINE.

Sailings from Hong Kong: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 10.00 P.M. (Sundays 10.00 P.M. only)

Sailings from Canton: Daily, at 8 A.M. & 4.30 P.M. (Sundays 4.30 P.M. only)

HONG KONG—MACAO LINE.

From Hong Kong: 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. (Week days only)

From Macao: 8 A.M. & 2 P.M. (Week days only).

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 31st AUGUST, 1928.

Hong Kong to Macao: 9.00 A.M. "SUI AN"

Macao to Hong Kong: 3.30 P.M. "SUI AN"

RETURN SALOON PASSAGE FARE: \$5.00.

Above Sailings are subjected to Weather Conditions and Intending Passengers are requested to communicate with the Office, whenever any of the Typhoon Signals are hoisted.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

New Scheme for Children's Early Endowment:—

Principal features: Small Premium. Liberal Surrender Value. Return of Premium in the Event of Death.

Write for Pamphlet and Full Particulars to—

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

AGENTS,

3, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS

(8)

PERFUMES

MANUFACTURED BY
RIGAUD, PARIS.

"FLORE DIVINA"

EXCELLENT SORNET.

PRICE: 50 Cts. per bottle.

OBTAINABLE FROM

VICENTE ATENZA & CO.

AGENTS.

No. 54, NATHAN ROAD,

KOWLOON.

TEL. K. 155.



U.S. PRESIDENT'S SUMMER HOME.

ISLAND RETREAT IN WISCONSIN.

WORK STILL GOES ON.

Even in the choosing of a place in which to spend his summer holidays the President of the United States is the prisoner of his office. He is bound to remember that he is not only *par excellence* the servant of the people, but also the leader of his party and an influence on the voting. And so, when it was announced that Mr. Coolidge is to spend the summer in Wisconsin, people think first not of what the charm of Wisconsin is, but of the reasons why he picked out that one State in preference to all the other 47.

It is the second year in succession that Mr. Coolidge has gone out into the agricultural West for his vacation, and it is the second year in succession that agricultural discontent has seemed to the Republican Party, of which he is the leader, the principal element of danger in the November elections. Between these two facts there is more than mere coincidence. Fortunately for the President, however, that discontented West is far from being a region only of flat prairies, gladdening to the eye of the farmer but monotonous and depressing to an overworked recreation-seeking Chief Executive. It has, besides the prairies, wide areas of rolling, wooded country threaded with brooks and shaded rivers and dotted all over with beautiful lakes. It is in some of the finest of this country, on an island all his own, in the middle of the Brule River, in North-west Wisconsin, that the President is to spend his summer.

The lodge, which is the sole habitation on the island, is a low structure built of birch logs. It is by no means, however, a rude or unpretentious hunting cabin, but a spacious dwelling containing many wide living rooms and a dozen bedrooms, the whole furnished with that kind of simplicity which only a millionaire like its owner, Mr. Henry Clay Pierce, can afford. It is connected with the mainland by a rustic bridge. Around the lodge there are flower-beds and small stretches of lawn and many trees, trim and ordered for all the wilderness about.

On the mainland, near by, yet still out of sight or sound of Cedar Island Lodge, as the place is called, are servants' quarters and garages and other necessary buildings, including greenhouses and a powerhouse for generating electricity. The 12 house servants who are to be taken from Washington, ten Street Service men, and most of the 60 soldiers who will guard the President from unwelcome intruders, will live here. Not so near, but probably at Nebagamon, ten miles away, will be the two-score newspaper correspondents, whose duty it will be to publish to the world Mr. Coolidge's lack of fishing and, once in a way, if luck sends more momentous facts, like the "I do not choose to run" announcement with which the President started the country at the end of last year's vacation.

Plans For Work.

Within a few miles of the lodge is the Brule River Forest Park, a State reservation of 640 acres, in which have been planted 400,000 young trees to supplement the vigorous second growth to pine and hemlock and fir balsam with which the country abounds. The intermediate country and almost all the other country round about is forest, uncleared except for lumber trails made long ago and now mostly overgrown. Here and there have been left clumps of old trees, but most of the trees are second growth, generally jack pines. The streams are said to teem with trout and the lakes with bass and larger game fish, and there are beaver ponds, and deer run wild in the woods. Fishing and walking are said to be the President's sole recreations; he will have his fill of both, whenever he chooses, and this time, if rumour is right, there will be no reprehensible eyes to note whether he uses a Silver Doctor or worms to lure the elusive trout into his creel.

Because there is no rest for a President, there is to be an "executive mansion" set up in Superior, where the boundaries of Wisconsin and Minnesota meet, 40 miles from the lodge. Mr. Coolidge will go back and forth by motor-car over these 40 miles once a day, for a part of the summer, at least, although it is hoped that as the season advances it will not be necessary to make the trip more often than once or twice (Continued on next column).

ROAD MAKING IN CHEKIANG.

LIZZIE "THE WHEEL-BARROW."

CHANGSHA, July 18th. The North China Daily News gives the following interesting account of the building of a motor road through Chekiang. From the description given by their correspondent it does not appear that the new road is one which would meet with the approval of the lecturer who a short while ago was preaching the gospel of good roads to the Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders.

Changsha is reputed to interest in the new motor road between here and Yushan. Work has been commenced at both ends and though for a while pick and shovel experts were lacking, the 30-cent a day bait not drawing, now for 15 or 20 li out there are many hundreds of men employed and the work is going ahead with surprising speed. The city wall is being sacrificed to provide the route round the city and stones for embankments. Human nature delights in pulling down and occasionally there is a shout of warning and all jump first and look after as a stone rolls down and then a burst of laughter as someone who has jumped wrong misses a crushed leg by a hair-breadth. It is said that the Motor Company will run their first trip after the new year.

Already the many thousands of barrows trading between the two cities have had their warning to depart from the new road which follows the course of the old, for Lizzie is to have no impediment in her cross-country dash. One wonders how long an earth road is going to stand up to Lizzie's treatment, and if her ladyship will do as often happens in such ventures, put up at a halfway inn for the night, leaving her rejected suitors to the mercy of impatient chair-bearers and coolies who are quick to appreciate the benefits bestowed upon them by the "new road" and a defaulting Lizzie.

Prosperity Follows Peace.

Prosperity is gradually returning with peaceful conditions, and the months are said to be felt as coming from neighbouring provinces is fast disappearing. There are few soldiers about and the Provincial Protection Corps are an orderly well-dressed set of men.

MONKEY GOES NEXT DOOR.

ANNOYED NEIGHBOUR APPLIES FOR A SUMMONS.

A man surprised the Kingston-on-Thames Borough Bench when he stepped into the box and said, amid laughter, "I want a summons against a monkey, please." Asked to explain, the man alleged that his next-door neighbour kept a monkey which frightened his wife. The monkey, he said, got into the house when a window was left open, ate biscuits from barrels, and played tricks. The animal had bitten; on the leg, an elderly lady who was needleworking, and had jumped on another woman's head. Applicant asked if something could not be done to abate the nuisance.

The Clerk (Mr. G. Washington Fox) said the legal position was that the owner of the monkey must pay for any damage which the animal did. Damages could be recovered in the County Court. The magistrates decided to send a warrant officer to give a warning to the owner of the monkey.

a week. On Sundays Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge will attend church services at Lake Nebagamon Congregational Church, ten miles away from their temporary home.

By a curious chance the invitation to go to Wisconsin this summer was extended to Mr. Coolidge by a man who, but for one of those unforeseen incidents which upset the best-laid schemes, might himself have been President now. This was former Senator Irvine L. Lenroot. At the 1920 Republican National Convention those who nominated Mr. Warren Harding for President had arranged that the nomination for Vice-President should go to Senator Lenroot, but, in the confusion after the Harding nomination had gone through, the convention was "stamped" by a person of no political importance whatever, for Mr. Coolidge. As is well known, Mr. Harding died in office and was succeeded by Mr. Coolidge, who, in accordance with well-established tradition, was nominated (and elected) on his own account for the ensuing term of office. —Times.

DIARY OF EVENTS.

To-day.
(July 30th.)

Sale of Crown Land New Kowloon Inland Lot Nos. 143 and 145, 3 p.m.

Ko Shing Theatre: Opening Ceremony, 4.30 p.m.

Hockey: K.O.S.B. Seagulls v. Machine Gun Co. Volunteers, Murray Parade Ground, 5.45 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "Paradise for Two."

World Theatre: "The Great Gatsby."

Star Theatre: "Let it Rain."

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Principal Mails: — Outward: Europe via Siberia and via San Francisco (President Lincoln), 5 p.m.

Tuesday.
(July 31st.)

Goodwood Stewards' Cup.

Garrison Children's School, Prize Distribution, Volunteer Drill Hall, 11 a.m.

Baseball: Filipinos v. U.S.S. Sacramento, 5.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Midnight Rose."

World Theatre: "Sparrows."

Star Theatre: "Three Faces East."

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Principal Mails: — Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Paul Lerat), 2.30 p.m.; Europe via Siberia (Chenonceaux), 12.30 p.m.

Wednesday.
(August 1st.)

Minden Day. K.O.S.B. Minden Swimming Gala and Highland Dancing.

Queen's Theatre: "The Midnight Rose" at 9.15, Long Tack Sam.

World Theatre: "Sparrows."

Star Theatre: "Three Faces East."

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Thursday.
(August 2nd.)

Annual Meeting Football League Volunteer Headquarters 5.30 p.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Red Mill" at 9.15, Long Tack Sam.

World Theatre: "Heaven on Earth."

Star Theatre: "After Midnight."

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Friday.
(August 3rd.)

Christian Fellowship Meeting Helena May Institute, 10.30 a.m.

Queen's Theatre: "The Red Mill" at 9.15, Long Tack Sam.

World Theatre: "Heaven on Earth."

Star Theatre: "After Midnight."

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Saturday.
(August 4th.)

War Declared between Great Britain and Germany 1914.

Golf: Captain's Cup, Fanning.

Baseball: Senior Division: South China v. Filipinos.

Queen's Theatre: "The Red Mill" at 9.15, Long Tack Sam.

World Theatre: "Heaven on Earth."

Star Theatre: "After Midnight."

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

Principal Mails: — Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Kashmir), 19.30 a.m.

Sunday.
(August 5th.)

9th Sunday After Trinity.

Golf: Captain's Cup, Fanning.

Ten Dance: H.K. Hotel, 4.30 p.m.

SERVICE TO READERS.

THE HONG KONG DAILY PRESS, LTD., and the HONG KONG WEEKLY PRESS, through their London Office, at 21, BRIDE LANE, FLEET STREET, E.C. 4, are prepared to give Subscribers and Visitors advice regarding accommodation available, motor facilities, suitable shopping centres, etc.

If, when at home, they will call or telephone to the above address, they will receive the utmost assistance and the latest available information on all subjects of enquiry will be placed at their disposal.

THE HONGKONG

HONG KONG HOTEL, REPUZAR BAY HOTEL.

"PRAX HOTEL."

Telegraphic Address: "KREMLIN, HONG KONG."

AND

SHANGHAI

ARROW HOUSE HOTEL, PALACE HOTEL, MAJESTIC HOTEL.

Telegraphic Address: "CENTRAL, SHANGHAI."

HOTELS, LIMITED.

In association with

THE GRAND HOTEL DES WAHONG, LTD., HONG KONG.

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Most Modern and Central Hotel in the Colony, all Bed Rooms newly renovated and installed with Box Spring Beds, Hot and Cold Water, also Telephone. All Trains pass in front of Hotel. Most Moderate Rates in the Colony.

Hotel Launch meets all Steamers.

TEA DANCES MONDAY, WEDNESDAY & FRIDAY 5 to 7 P.M.

(Thirty Tiffin Tickets for \$25 can be obtained at the Office of the above Hotel.)

Tel. Add: "VICTORIA."

Telephone: No. C. 373.

J. H. WITCHELL, Manager.

The Only Hotel in CANTON Directly under European Management.

THE VICTORIA HOTEL

Guides and Trips arranged for and special Care taken of TOURISTS.

Cable Address: "VICTORIA."

PALACE HOTEL

Tel. K. No. 2. Tel. Ad: "PALACE."

Three Minutes from Kowloon Wharf, Ferry Wharf and Railway Station. Entirely under English Management. Electric Light and Fans Throughout.

EVERY ROOM WITH PRIVATE BATH.

Lounges, Bar and Billiard Rooms. Unrivalled Cuisine under the personal supervision of the Proprietress.

TERMS MODERATE.

Special Terms to Families on application.

Mrs. J. H. OXBERRY, Proprietress.

44

FOR SALE.

CHANG TEO LIN'S COMMEMORATIVE STAMPS.

Without Surcharge @ \$3.00 Net.

With Surcharge @ \$3.50 Net.

Per Complete Set of 4 Stamps.

GRACA & CO.

Dealers in Postage Stamps, Post Cards, Garden Seeds, Toys, Picture Books, etc.

No. 10, WYNDHAM STREET.

P.O. Box No. 620. HONG KONG.

18

COURTESY, COMFORT, SERVICE and Luxuries of Modern Hotel Construction

THE HOTEL RIVIERA

MACAU

Cable Address:—"Riviera, Macau."

142

CHATEAU CARBONNIEUX.

A really magnificent Graves bottled at the Chateau.

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated under the Companies Ordinance of Hong Kong)

Prince's Building. Tel. Central 75.

51

SPORTING.

GUNS by W. W. GREENER, WEBLEY and SCOTT, and Other Makers—British, French and American.

R.S.A. Air Rifles, and Miniature Rifles, 22 Calibre, Repeating and Automatic.

SPORTING CARTRIDGES of all descriptions.

Agents for W. W. GREENER LTD., BRISTOL.



JUST ARRIVED A SHIPMENT OF TUBORG BEER

Purveyors to
The Royal Danish Court.
The most popular Danish Beer
on the Market.
6 doz. pts.\$21.40 duty paid.
4 doz. qts.\$23.20 duty paid.

Sole Agents

GANDE, PRICE & CO., LTD.,

Wine and Spirit Merchants.

St. George's Buildings, No. 2, Ice House Street,
Tel. Central No. 135. Hong Kong



Have Your Frigidaire Now Benefit by its economy as you pay for it

It's so easy to have Frigidaire. A visit to our showroom, a selection of model, a small down payment and at once and forever after you'll be independent of ice supply. All your foods will be better kept. You will have plenty of ice cubes for table use. You'll wonder how you ever got along without Frigidaire.

Come in and see Frigidaire. Get prices, terms, estimates on operating cost. Prove to yourself that Frigidaire is not only a marvelous convenience, but a real economy.

Call or 'phone for a demonstration.

FRIGIDAIRE

Product of
GENERAL MOTORS

DEMONSTRATION MODELS ON VIEW AT
OUR OFFICES AND AT

THE HONG KONG ELECTRIC CO.'S SHOWROOM.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS FOR HONG KONG AND S. CHINA.
PHONE C. 1030. MACHINERY DEPT.



Mirrored
Charm

"HAZELINE" SNOW

(Trade Mark)

An indispensable item of
the toilet.

The original non-greasy
preparation.

It cleanses the pores and
cools and whitens the skin.

The ideal basis for face
powder.

When too pale
"HAZELINE"
ROSE FROST
gives the necessary
touch of colour

Both in glass pots—All Chemists and Stores
BURROUGHS WELLCOME & CO.
(Incorporated in the United Kingdom)
LONDON AND SHANGHAI

THE AMERICAN TREATY.

DR. C. C. WU'S INITIATIVE.

GIVEN FULL POWERS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 28th.
It appears that the credit for the negotiation of the new Chinese-American Treaty belongs to Dr. C. C. Wu who held a conversation with the United States Department of Washington after which he telegraphed to the Nationalist Finance Minister, Mr. T. V. Soong, in Peking, while the State Department telegraphed to the American Legation.

Mr. Soong then cabled to Nanjing getting authority from the Foreign Minister, Dr. C. T. Wang, to negotiate with full power.

After this the procedure was only formal as it is believed that for all practical purposes, the Treaty was framed in Washington. The Government Council in Nanjing yesterday officially appointed Dr. C. C. Wu a plenipotentiary of the Nationalist Government to negotiate new commercial treaties with the United States.

TROOP WITHDRAWAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 28th.
Fifteen hundred men of the Japanese Expeditionary Force, from infantry, cavalry and artillery units, are leaving Tsingtao for Japan very shortly.

NORTHERN CRUISERS JOIN NATIONALISTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, July 28th.
The *Kuo Min* news agency states that the cruisers *Haichang*, *Haiyung*, *Haichow* and *Haiwen*, which had hitherto served the Northern Government, have declared their allegiance to the Nationalist Government and are proceeding to Shanghai to await orders from Nationalist Naval Headquarters in accordance with instructions from Marshal Chiang Kai Shek.

RAMONDINO ESTABLISHES A PRECEDENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, July 28th.
Holding that the Treaty between China and Italy is still in force, Dr. Ramondino established a precedent in the Provisional Court this morning by ignoring the refusal of a Chinese judge to sit with him and dealing himself with a case which he remanded indefinitely.

JAPAN STANDS FIRM.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, July 28th.
It is reliably reported that the Nationalist Government has approached Japan through the Minister at Tokyo, Mr. Wang Yung Pao, proposing suspension of the enforcement of temporary measures pending the conclusion of a new commercial treaty.

It is understood that the Japanese attitude, contending that China's abrogation of the Treaty is illegal, is unchanged.

KELLOGG INVITED TO PARIS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, July 27th.
Mr. Kellogg, the Secretary of State, has received an invitation from M. Briand, the French Premier, to visit Paris for the purpose of signing the Anti-War Pact on August 27th or 28th.

Mr. Kellogg will attend, provided the other Powers are represented by their Foreign Ministers.

MARIANO'S ILL HEALTH.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NARVIK, July 27th.
Major Mariano, whose frozen leg has been amputated, is too ill to accompany his companions to Italy.

He is remaining aboard the *Citta di Milano*.

COAL EXPORT MARKET.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 27th.
An attempt is being made by influential British coalowners to evolve a national organisation of all the coalfields in the country for marketing purposes.

Meetings with this end in view are taking place between representatives of three distinct marketing schemes which are at present being tried in South Wales, in Yorkshire and allied counties, and in Scotland, together with owners representing other exporting coalfields.

FULL TIME ON RAILWAYS.

WORKERS ACCEPT WAGE REDUCTION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 27th.
It is hoped that the critical period through which the British railways are passing will be somewhat relieved by a decision reached to-day at a conference of the railway managers and the Trade Union leaders, which has been exhaustively considering the companies' proposals for a revision of wages and working conditions.

Mr. J. H. Thomas thought it advisable earlier in the month to prepare the National Union of Railwaymen and other railway workers for a scheme of retrenchment which was likely to be advanced in the general interest, and the conference between the managers and the Union leaders to-day reached an agreement, under which employees will accept a reduction of 2½ per cent. in wages, the reduction to take effect from August 13th.

All standard agreements will remain intact, but will be subject to this arrangement.

At the same time, the Companies have agreed that wherever there is sufficient work available full normal working time shall be resumed in the shops, and this will mean that at least 100,000 shop-men, who have been for several weeks on a four-day week, will be employed on at least five days a week, while in most cases, they will resume on full-time.

The Companies' Directors have offered to join in the reduction as far as their salaries are concerned.

It is also announced that the Railways Agreement will be temporary and can be terminated on three months' notice by either side after the expiry of one year.

GERMAN THANKS TO "KRASSIN."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MOSCOW, July 28th.
The passengers of the *s.s. Monte Cervantes* boarded the *s.s. Krassin* en bloc and thanked the Russians on the completion of their diving operations from the *Krassin*, which resulted in the repair of the *Monte Cervantes*.

EMPIRE PARLIAMENTARY ASSOCIATION.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 27th.

Questions of common interest throughout the Empire, including trade and economic development and migration, will be discussed by the Empire Parliamentary Association delegates at the Conference in the House of Commons at Ottawa, which opens on August 28th.

Delegates from the British Parliament will include members of all three political parties among them being Lord Hailsham, the Lord Chancellor, Viscount Peel, First Commissioner of Works, and Lord Thompson, who was Air Minister in the Labour Government. They, together with many of delegates from other parts of the Empire, will leave Southampton on August 18th on the *Empress of France* and will be met at Quebec by the Canadian Premier, Mr. Mackenzie King, and leading members of the Cabinet and Opposition.

The delegates will make an extensive tour of Canada, during which matters of particular concern to business and other interests will be discussed at various centres and conferences held with provincial Parliaments.

"ITALIA'S" RESCUERS WELCOMED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

STOCKHOLM, July 27th.
The *Italia's* crew and the Swedish Rescue Expedition arrived at the railway junction near here.

The former's car was uncoupled and continued its journey. The latter arrived in Stockholm and were very warmly welcomed at the station by the Minister of Defence, while a large crowd lined the street and heartily cheered.

NONCONFORMIST UNION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 28th.
The vote of the Wesleyan Pastoral Session has yielded the requisite 75 per cent. majority in favour of Methodist union.

FORD'S NEW RUBBER PLANTATIONS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

DETROIT, July 28th.
Mr. Henry Ford's motorship *Lake Ormonde* has departed for Santa Len, in Brazil, laden with supplies, equipment and personnel—the last mentioned to engage in early operations of rubber planting.

ADMIRAL TYRWHITT'S SUCCESSOR.

ASSUMES COMMAND IN JANUARY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 27th.
Vice-Admiral Arthur Kipling Waistell, C.B., has been appointed Commander-in-Chief on the China Station in succession to Vice-Admiral Sir Reginald Tyrwhitt, and will assume the Command on January 15th, 1929.

Rear-Admiral R. M. Burmester has been appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Africa Station, and will assume his Command on February 11th, 1929.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

July 29th, 1928.	
B.K. Bank	London 21.40 buy.
Chartered Bank	22.20 buy.
Commercial Bank	22.20 buy.
Do.	22.20 buy.
F. & O. Bank	22.20 buy.
East Asia Bank	22.20 buy.
Canton Insurance	22.20 buy.
North China Ins.	22.20 buy.
Yangtze Insurance	22.20 buy.
China Underwriters	22.20 buy.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	22.20 buy.
Douglas	22.20 buy.
H.K. Steamships	22.20 buy.
H.K. Tugs	22.20 buy.
Indo-China (Frst.)	22.20 buy.
Do. (Def.)	22.20 buy.
Shell Transport	22.20 buy.
Waterworks	22.20 buy.
Bengala	22.20 buy.
Kaniam Mining	22.20 buy.
Langkat (combined)	22.20 buy.
Do. (single)	22.20 buy.
S'hai. Explorations	22.20 buy.
Shanghai Loans	22.20 buy.
Ranb.	22.20 buy.
Trench Mines	22.20 buy.
H.K. & W. Works	22.20 buy.
H.K. & W. Dock	22.20 buy.
China Provident	22.20 buy.
Hongkong	22.20 buy.
New Engineering	22.20 buy.
Shanghai Dock	22.20 buy.
Two Cottons	22.20 buy.
Oriental Cottons	22.20 buy.
S'hai. Cottons (old)	22.20 buy.
Do. (new)	22.20 buy.
H.K. & W. Works	22.20 buy.
H.K. Lands	22.20 buy.
Shanghai Land	22.20 buy.
Humphreys Estate	22.20 buy.
H.K. Realities	22.20 buy.
H.K. Tramways	22.20 buy.
Peak Trams (old)	22.20 buy.
Do. (new)	22.20 buy.
Star Ferries	22.20 buy.
China Lights (old)	22.20 buy.
Do. (new)	22.20 buy.
Do. (1928 issue)	22.20 buy.
H.K. Electric (old)	22.20 buy.
Do. (new)	22.20 buy.
Macao Electric	22.20 buy.
Telephone	22.20 buy.
China Buses	22.20 buy.
Singapore Traction	22.20 buy.
Do. (Frst.)	22.20 buy.
China Sugars	22.20 buy.
Malayan Sugars	22.20 buy.
Cement (combined)	22.20 buy.
Do. (old)	22.20 buy.
Do. (new)	22.20 buy.
H.K. Ropes (old)	22.20 buy.
Do. (new)	22.20 buy.
United Asbestos	22.20 buy.
Dairy Farms	22.20 buy.
Watsons	22.20 buy.
Do. A Wings	22.20 buy.
Lana Crawford	22.20 buy.
Mackintosh	22.20 buy.
Sincores	22.20 buy.
Wm. Powell	22.20 buy.
H.K. Amusement	22.20 buy.
H.K. Constructions	22.20 buy.
H'qua Indus. G.S. Bonds	22.20 buy.
H.K. Govt. Loans	22.20 buy.
buy.—bidders; sel.—sellers; sa.—sales; nom.—nominal.	

THE WORLD'S GAZE TURNS POLITICALLY, ECONOMICALLY, ARTISTICALLY TOWARDS JAPAN

Where Oriental charms are jealously preserved intact amidst the most advanced Oriental civilisation.

THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION

(Affiliated with the D. M. LINDARD HOTELS Co. of the Pacific Coast and the UNITED HOTELS COMPANY of America.)

MEMBER HOTELS

Hotel rates for single rooms (without bath), including meals,
Y 12.00 up in cities and some popular resorts.
Y 10.00 up in country districts.

IN JAPAN:			
ATAMI:— Atami Hotel Matsui Hotel	KOBE:— Oriental Hotel Tok Hotel	NAGASAKI:— Japan Hotel Nagoya	TOKYO:— Imperial Hotel Marunouchi Hotel
BEPPU:— Kamemori Hotel	KYOTO:— Kyoto Hotel Miyako Hotel	NARA:— Nara Hotel	OSAKA:— Osaka Hotel Yokohama Hotel
CHUZENJI (Nikko):— Lakeside Hotel	MATSUMOTO:— Park Hotel	MIYAJIMA:— Miyajima Hotel	YAMAGUCHI:— Yamaguchi Hotel
KAMAKURA:— Kamihara Hotel	KANUZAWA:— Kamihara Hotel	MIYANOSHITA (Hakone):— Fujita Hotel	YAMATO:— Yamato Hotel
MIYAZAKI:— Miyazaki Hotel			
IN MANCHURIA:			
CHANGCHUN:— Fusan Station	CHANGCHUN:— Yamato Hotel	DAIRY:— Yamato Hotel	BOYUN (Port Arthur):— Yamato Hotel
SHINGSHU:— Shingshu Station	SHINGSHU:— Yamato Hotel	YAMATO:— Yamato Hotel	

* Open from April 1st until October 31st.
THE JAPAN HOTEL ASSOCIATION
Care of TRAFFIC BUREAU, DEPARTMENT OF RAILWAYS, TOKYO.



Sole Agents:—
MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA LTD.
HONG KONG.

EXCHANGE RATES.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 27th.

Paris	124.05
Brussels	34.90
Amsterdam	12.07
Berlin	20.34
Copenhagen	18.20
Vienna	34.23
Helsingfors	193
Lisbon	2.3/16
Bucharest	47.7/18
Buenos Aires	47.7/15
New York	5.85
Geneva	25.23
Milan	25.20
Stockholm	18.10
Cairo	18.20

(Continued on next column).

HATS, GOWNS & NOVELTIES.	
"Felix."	
7, Ice House Street, Hong Kong.	Tel. C. 824.
Prague	1834
Madrid	22.23
Athens	375
Rio	5.20/29
Bombay	1/5.29/29
Yokohama	1/10
Shanghai	2/8
Hong Kong	2/0
Silver, spot & forward	27

Synoleo

Paste Distemper

THE COLOURWASH IN 24 ART SHADES

Agents:
S. C. LAY & CO.
Alexandra Building
Telephone Central 763

WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK
SHANGHAI-HONGKONG

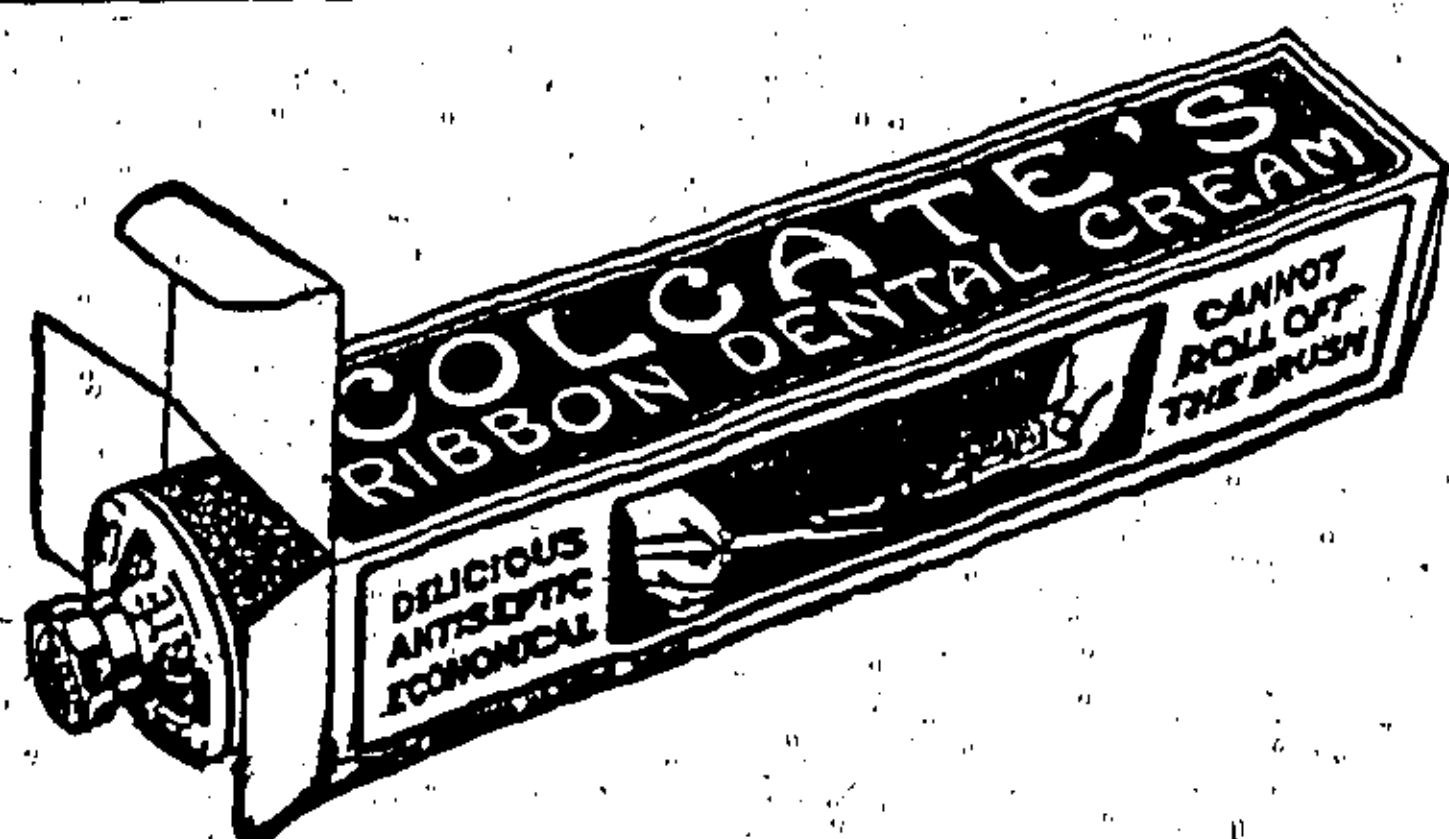
ROMANCE
AND
ADVENTURELOVE
LAUGHS
ACTION!

MARION DAVIES

THE RED MILL

Cosmopolitan
ProductionLove and laughs in
tropical land. The big
musical comedy hit
as a great screen
comedy success.with
OWEN MOORE
LOUISE FAZENDA
GEORGE SIEGMAN
KARL DANE

A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

COMING TO THE THURSDAY TO SATURDAY
QUEEN'S At 2.30, 5.10 & 7.15 Only.
Nightly at 9.20.—LONG TACK SAM.

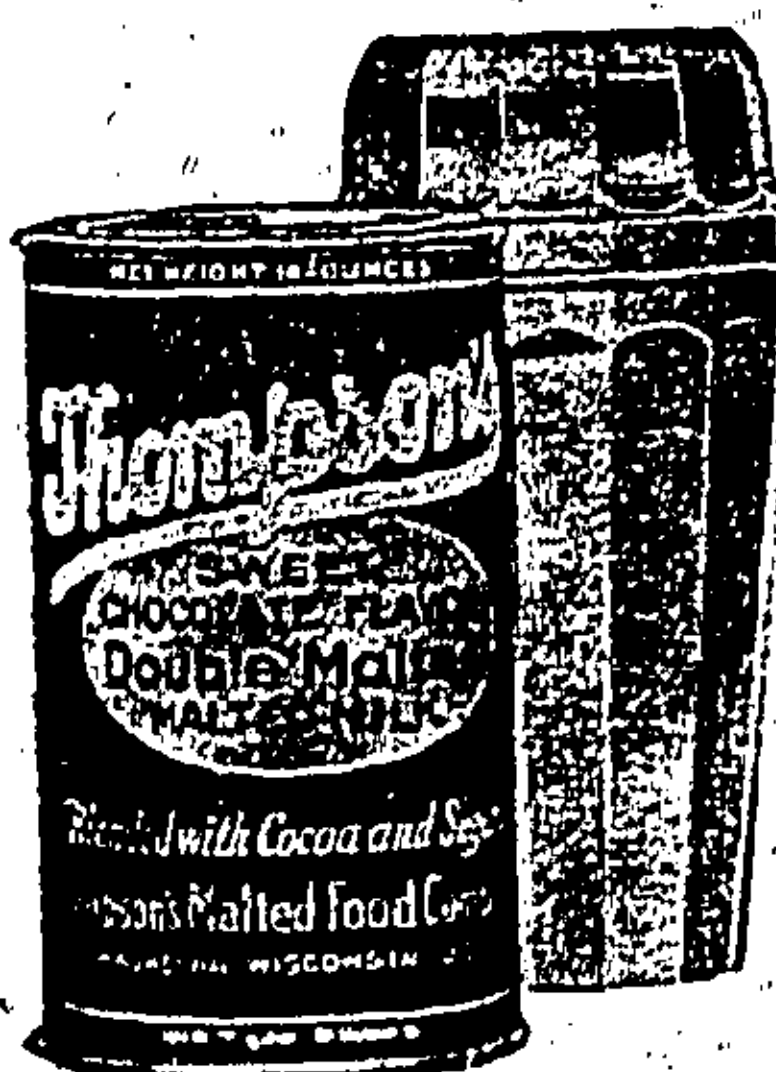
COLGATE'S

RIBBON DENTAL CREAM

OBTAINABLE AT ALL STORES

SOLE AGENTS:

HONG KONG TRADING CO. LTD.

AN ALUMINIUM SHAKER
GIVEN FREE
WITH EVERY TIN.DELICIOUS
HOT or COLD DRINKGet one tin for trial
Obtainable at all Stores
and Cafeshops.Sole Agents: HUI and HUI Co.
(Alexandra Building) Hongkong.The MAN
who knows the climate
knows the need for

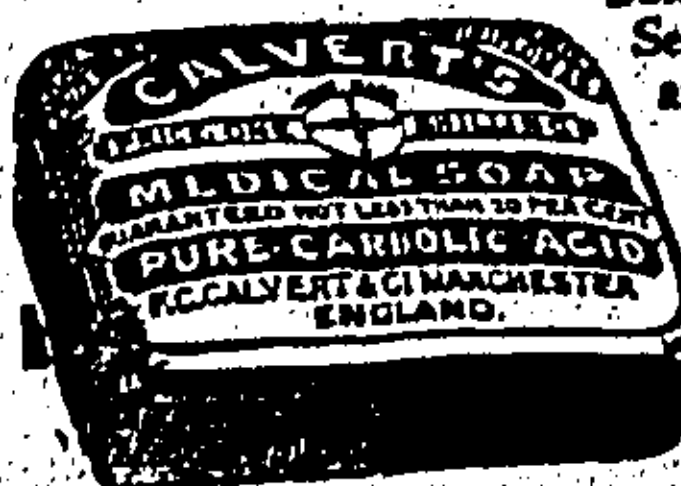
Calvert's

Medical Soap

20% CARBOLIC

that powerful antiseptic soap always
reliable in strength and quality.Sold by local dealers and bazaars.
See that our name and trade mark
are on the box you buy, as inferior
imitations are sometimes offered.

F. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England.



MRS. PACE'S

ACQUITTAL

ASTONISHING SCENES.

CHEERS FOR PRISONER AND HER COUNSEL.

LONDON, July 7th.

One of the most astonishing judicial dramas of recent years, says the *Daily Express*, ended at Gloucester when, at the close of the case for the prosecution, Mr. Justice Horridge directed the jury to return a verdict of "not guilty" in favour of Mrs. Beatrice Pace, thirty-six years of age, who was accused of the murder of her husband by arsenical poisoning.

"I am of the opinion that it would not be safe to ask the jury to find a verdict of guilty on the evidence," said the judge.

There were amazing scenes of enthusiasm outside the Shire Hall in Gloucester, where the trial was held, when the result was known. Cheering crowds awaited the woman who was arrested on May 2nd after a coroner's jury had returned a verdict that her husband died on January 10th from arsenical poisoning administered by his wife.

The conduct of the coroner who held the inquest, Mr. Maurice F. Carter, and the methods of the police who investigated the affair are to be discussed in the House of Commons.

The inquest was adjourned on fourteen occasions. Yesterday was the fourth day of the trial.

The Homeward Journey.

Mrs. Beatrice Pace is back in her home town to-night after her triumphant acquittal at the Gloucester Assizes of the charge of murdering her husband.

She is with her family, staying at a little hotel kept by friends in the Market-square of Coleford. Outside the house there has been for several hours a constant and persistent demonstration by crowds of local people, all of whom know her and are her neighbours. They keep cheering and cheering again, calling out her name and messages of good luck.

Kisses To The Crowd.

Every now and again Mrs. Pace shows herself at an upper window, her face flushed with excitement and with smiles that are so near tears. She waves back to the people, kisses her hand to them, and calls down, "Thank you. Thank you so much. I am so glad to be home with my babies."

This reception of the Coleford widow is the climax of a day of extraordinary sensations and frantic scenes, first in Gloucester, then on the road through the Forest of Dean, and finally at Coleford.

The end of the trial came with dramatic suddenness. The case for the prosecution was finished by the luncheon adjournment, and immediately on the resumption Mr. Norman Birkett, K.C., rose in a hushed court and submitted to Mr. Justice Horridge his legal argument, that there was no case to go to the jury.

Mr. Birkett pointed out first that there was no evidence of any administration of poison to Harry Pace, the dead man, and, secondly, that there was no evidence of possession by Mrs. Pace of poison. Quickly the judge intimated that he was against the point that there was no evidence for the jury. Thereupon Mr. Norman Birkett submitted that there was not sufficient evidence; that the whole of the Crown case was based on guesswork and suspicion.

Mr. Justice Horridge turned to the Solicitor-General, Sir Boyd Merriam, appearing for the Crown, and asked if he thought that in a case with such serious issues the evidence warranted the Crown asking for a conviction. Promptly the Solicitor-General saw the current of reasoning in the judge's remarks. He said quite openly that he was not prepared to press the case.

"In my opinion," said the judge, as he turned to the jury, "it would not be safe to ask any jury to find a verdict of guilty on the evidence you have heard. I shall advise you to return a verdict of not guilty."

Mrs. Pace, sitting in the dock between her wardress guards, scarcely seemed to realise what was happening. The jury rose. They were asked the ordinary question: "Are you agreed on your verdict—what is your verdict?"

"Not guilty," said the foreman. Still the woman sat motionless, and it was not until the doctor, who was the medical adviser for the defence, leant across, caught her hand and said, "You're free," that she rose.

A quick message had taken the news to the crowds blocking every way to the Shire Hall. In the court we heard the big roar of cheers from outside. The judge bowed to the bar and withdrew into his curtained room, and then the whole decorum of the court went to pieces.

People stood on their seats, clapping and shouting. Women waved their handkerchiefs to Mrs. Pace and began climbing over the benches to reach her. She was a free woman, but she had to escape from the dock by the way of a prisoner into the cells.

(Continued on next column.)

SHANGHAI WEDDING.

JUDGE KING AND MISS WAUGH.

A very quiet wedding took place last Tuesday morning in Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, when Judge G. W. King, O.B.E., Assistant Judge of H.M. Supreme Court, son of the late Mr. Alfred King, J.P.V.D., was married to Miss Annie Muriel Waugh. Miss Waugh is the daughter of Mr. Percival Waugh of Edinburgh, and, after ten years' service, has just left the Colonial Service in Penang, where she was principal of the Government School for Girls. Miss Waugh accompanied by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Waugh, of Ipoh, arrived in Shanghai on Sunday by the P. & O. s.s. *Rajputana*, and since her arrival has been staying with Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Mossop.

The civil ceremony took place in H.M. Consulate, Shanghai, at 10.30 a.m. before Mr. C. F. Garstin, and was followed immediately by the service at Holy Trinity Cathedral, at which the Very Rev. Dean A. C. S. Trivett officiated. The bride, who looked very charming in a costume of beige lace, with hat to match, and carrying a bouquet of pink roses, was given away by Judge Sir Peter Grain. The matron of honour was Mrs. Waugh, attired in a becoming costume of blue and white, and the duties of best man were undertaken by Mr. R. E. S. Gregson.

A reception was held after the service at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Mossop, 6A, Route Potier, when a number of friends were present to congratulate Judge and Mrs. King. The health of the bride and bridegroom was proposed by Judge Sir Peter Grain, and that of the matron of honour by Mr. Gregson.

It would have been impossible to take her through the hysterical people who were storming the dock. She was taken from the cells to the grand jury room, and there held a little reception.

Mr. Norman Birkett came to her and Mr. Purcell, M.P., who had raised the fund for her defence. She told them both now grateful she was, and then she turned away and said, "May I see my children?"

Dorothy, the eldest girl, who had been waiting in the vestibule to the court with Doris, the younger daughter, went to her mother, and there was a happy reunion of tears and smiles.

Double Police Cordon.

It was more than an hour before Mrs. Pace could be safely taken from the Shire Hall. Mounted police rode and cleared a space for her motor-car before the entrance.

A double cordon of police on foot forced the crowd back, and, with her children and her friends, the acquitted widow was driven away with a trotting escort of mounted police.

Many people were knocked down and some slightly injured in the hurly-burly press to try to see her. The whole of the main street in front of the Shire Hall was impassable to traffic.

One of the most extraordinary scenes was when Mr. Birkett left the court. The crowd made a way for him and cheered him with the utmost enthusiasm. He was almost flabbergasted at his reception, and all he could do was to walk along through this human avenue raising his hat and bowing.

The counsel who had appeared for the Crown went from the court by the back way, and escaped unnoticed. There was some boing when Elton Pace and his brother, who had been witnesses against their sister-in-law, left the court, but the police managed to get them to a waiting motor-car without much difficulty.

Triumphant Journey.

On the way to Coleford the motor-car in which Mrs. Pace drove was greeted at every village. Women and children and men as well came to their garden gates to cheer her passing. Her journey was a triumphal procession it is all over, said Mrs. Pace in an interview. "I always knew I should be acquitted, but the strain has naturally been tremendous."

"There was one incident at the beginning of the trial which lies in my memory. That is when the clerk of the court said to the jury in his charge that I had put myself on God and my country. I knew that I was all right from that moment."

"Terrible."

"Of course, it has been terrible sitting in the court day after day and hearing all this evidence. I knew this morning from my solicitor that Mr. Birkett was to submit that there was no case, but I was told that if this submission was not accepted by the judge I should then go into the witness-box, and I had been steeling myself for that ordeal throughout the day."

"This I can say, that since my arrest all the police and prison officials and every one with whom I have come in contact have been exceptionally kind. The way the people greeted me each day when I drove from the prison to the court heartened me very much."

The first thing Mrs. Pace asked for when she was back in Coleford was for her baby, Jean, who is less than a year old.

ATTACK ON EUROPEAN CHILDREN.

TERRIBLE STORY FROM KULING.

CHINESE MAGISTRATE'S INDIGNATION.

A terrible story of the assault made by a Chinese policeman on two European children, the daughters of a Missionary at Kuling, appears in the *Hankow Herald* of the 16th July. So far no confirmation has been obtainable. According to this account two small foreign girls, daughters of a missionary spending the summer at Kuling, were attacked by a Chinese policeman on Sunday morning in the West Valley of Kuling. One girl, aged 10, is said to be in a serious condition.

The two were playing near their home when the policeman approached, and spoke to them in Chinese, which they understand. According to the children, the policeman enticed them into a field near by, telling them that pretty flowers were to be seen, as well as a number of mushrooms growing. The smaller girl ran off into the hills, while the policeman led the elder in another direction. The younger came back in a few minutes, wondering where the other had got to. The policeman then grabbed her, but the elder sister ran to her father's home.

Father Seizes Assailant.

The parents rushed to the aid of the child, and caught the assailant. He started to lead him to the Kuling Estate office, and had taken him about a half a mile when the captive suddenly wriggled loose, leaving his coat in the father's hands.

The case was immediately reported to the police, but it was impossible to find out the name of the assailant, the magistrate asserting that he did not know it. The police of Kuling are not numbered, as police are almost everywhere else in the world, and despite the fact that persistent requests that they be numbered have been made.

"Why didn't you kill the man?" the Chinese magistrate is said to have asked of the father when the latter explained the escape of the assailant.

The magistrate promised that if caught, the policeman would be immediately executed. However, it was some time before a posse was sent out after him.

A mission doctor, it is said, who resides with the family, examined the two children and verified that they had been attacked.

A few days before this, a policeman had knocked at the door of the Chinese Inland Mission bungalow, lot 42, and demanded \$100. He threatened to arrest the occupants of the house if the money was not forthcoming. However, the money was not forthcoming and a complaint was forwarded to the Magistrate.

BUFFALO AND PANTHER.

FATAL ATTEMPT TO MAKE CINEMA FILM.

Mr. Guy, the well-known manager of the Federal Dispensary, Kuala Lumpur, who shared with Mr. G. Cullen the adventure of the Pulu Temple Affair in 1911, was continually in quest of new adventures. The idea occurred to him that it would be both interesting and profitable if he could stage a fight between a black panther and a buffalo and have the fight filmed by a cinematograph operator. Probably the idea came to him by hearing that a fine black panther had been captured in Kelantan where his friend Mr. Cullen was then Chief Police Officer.

As a preliminary he got in touch with a cinematograph operator willing to undertake the job and taking the apparatus and operator with him proceeded to Kota Bharu. Here a likely looking buffalo was obtained and arrangements made for the use of the diased jail yard. A platform was built for the machine and operator on top of the jail yard wall and when the preparations had been completed the buffalo and panther were introduced in turn into the yard. To Mr. Guy's great disgust they did not rush at each other at once and engage in a life and death struggle as he expected. Instead, the buffalo stood sullen but watchful in a corner while the panther slunk round the yard.

Suddenly the panther caught sight of the platform on which the cinema machine stood and instantly sprang for it. It was just within reach and clawing wildly the panther dragged himself up on the platform and in a second was over the wall and away. The panther ran towards the town and was followed at once by Mr. Guy and the cinema operator. Mr. Guy was the first to come up with the beast which was puzzled at finding himself in strange surroundings. Mr. Guy fired at once at close range and wounded the panther which immediately turned and sprang at him.

Mr. Guy fell with the panther on top of him tearing him with his claws. Mr. Guy struggled ineffectually to beat off the panther and was still struggling when the cinema operator came rushing to the spot. The cinema operator fired two shots in rapid succession and killed the panther, but unfortunately Mr. Guy was hit also and gun shot wounds he died shortly after the occurrence.—*Malayan Police Magazine.*

(Continued at foot of next column.)

RICHARD DIX

BETTY BRONSON
ANDRE BRANGER
GREGORY LA CAVA
A Paramount Picture

PARADISE FOR TWO

AT THE **QUEEN'S** FINAL SHOWINGS
TO-DAY
At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20.

A BRILLIANTLY dramatic social satire dealing with a mysterious, romantic figure—



THE GREAT GATSBY

AT THE **WORLD** FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY
Orchestra Interpreter
5.15 & 9.20. 2.30 & 7.15.

SHOWERS OF LAUGHTER!

DOUGLAS MACLEAN

"Let It Rain"
with SHIRLEY MASONAT THE **STAR** FINAL SHOWINGS
TO-DAY Continuous 2.30 to 11.15.

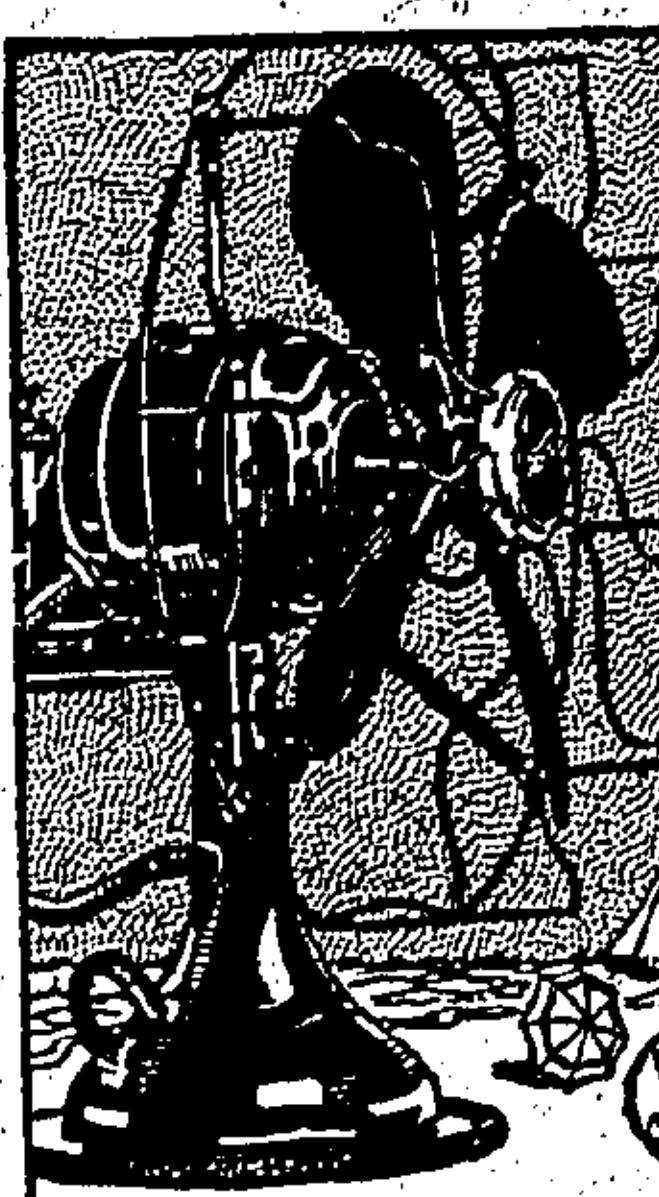
QUEEN'S THEATRE

FOR 4 DAYS ONLY

Commencing
WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1st.
At 9.20 p.m.

WORLD FAMOUS MAGICIAN

LONG TACK SAM

and His Clever Company of
CHINESE WONDER WORKERSINCLUDING THE BEAUTIFUL
MISSSES MI-NA AND NEE-SALONG
IN A
MEDLEY OF ORIENTAL
FEATS.PRICES OF ADMISSION:
\$3, \$2 AND \$1.
ADVANCE BOOKING NOW
OPEN AT THE QUEEN'S.Why not have the
cooling comfort
of aWestinghouse Electric
Fan?

Reiss, Massey & Co., Ltd.

Sole Distributors
For Hong Kong and
South China.

Westinghouse

tunately Mr. Guy was hit also and gun shot wounds he died shortly after the occurrence.—*Malayan Police Magazine.*

FOR SALE

A surplus of Summer stocks of Men's Wear

All reasonable goods but "broken ranges" — a pattern in one size but not in another — which are unavoidable in a business like this. These oddments must be cleared—and quickly—hence these big reductions.

MACKINTOSH'S

SHIRTS
Usually sold
at \$6.50 to
\$8.50
Now \$4.00

On
Monday
Tuesday
Wednesday

TIES
A large range
of popular lines
usual sold at
\$2.50 to \$3.50
Now \$1.50

BATHING SUITS

all at
HALF PRICE

SOCKS

A large selection of
good socks.
Usually sold at \$1.50
to \$2.25.
Now \$1.00.

STOCKINGS

Useful lines in cotton
stockings.
Usually sold at \$3.00,
\$3.50.
Now \$2.00.

NOTE THE DATES: July 30th, 31st, Aug. 1st.

Mackintosh & Co., Ltd.
MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. DES VOEUX ROAD

WHITEAWAYS

GREAT SALE

COMMENCES ON

MONDAY, JULY 30TH

COLOSSAL CLEARANCE OF
ALL
SUMMER GOODS

WE ARE DETERMINED TO MAKE THIS
THE "GREATEST SALE" AND BEST MONEY
SAVING OPPORTUNITY IN OUR HISTORY
WAIT FOR MONDAY.

WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

BOXER INDEMNITY.

EFFORT TO AID HONG KONG
UNIVERSITY.

OPINION AT HOME.

Members of Parliament interest in questions affecting China have been conferring with a view to getting some of the accumulated funds of the Boxer Indemnity liberated for the benefit of Hong Kong University without waiting for legislation necessary to deal with the whole capital sum, writes the political correspondent of the London Morning Post.

It will be remembered that the British Government surrendered its share of the indemnity with the object of devoting it to educational purposes for the benefit of the Chinese and for the promotion of

good relationship with this country.

Owing, however, to the disturbed state of China, distribution has been impossible and a large capital sum has accumulated. The object of these members is to get some of the money paid over to the Hong Kong University almost immediately.

It is argued that such a course would strengthen the feelings of friendship toward Great Britain and the Canton area generally; and in other ways would tend to promote British interests. The movement, says the correspondent, has the warm approval of the English element in Hong Kong; and an early endeavour will be made to induce the Foreign Office to take the subject into favourable consideration.

SHANGHAI'S TRADE.

CUSTOMS REPORT FOR
1927.

DECREASE COMPARED WITH
PREVIOUS YEAR.

BETTER THAN 1925.

Mr. F. W. Maze, Commissioner of Customs at Shanghai, in his review of the trade of the Port during 1927 says:

The fact that Shanghai has, on the whole, enjoyed tranquillity since the first quarter of the year is undoubtedly due in great measure to the moderate attitude of the Southern generals who have controlled the neighbourhood, though the moral support afforded by the presence of many thousands of foreign troops can hardly be exaggerated. A striking proof of the genuine desire on the part of those in power to extirpate the forces of unrest was shown by the expulsion in December of the staff of the Soviet Consulate as a sequel to the abortive coup d'état engineered by "Red" elements at Canton. A vigorous campaign was moreover undertaken, immediately upon the arrival of the Nationalist forces in March, against the upholders of mob rule, which had inflicted incalculable havoc upon the Wu-Han cities. The city municipality was at once reorganized and sundry improvements were instituted, notably the abolition of the official sale of lotteries.

In view of the character of the disturbances which affected Central and East China during the early part of the year, it was to be expected that foreign goods would suffer more severely than any other branch of trade. The value of the total importations from abroad in 1927 came to 455 million taels, a decrease of 142 millions, but still 23 millions ahead of 1925, another year of exceptional embarrassment for the trade of China. Nearly one-half of the decline comes under the heading of piece goods; metals also were in poor demand, and the success of the native crops undermined the prominent position established in recent years by foreign grain. Artificial silk alone gave real promise of future vigour, notwithstanding the disadvantages shared by all articles of commerce and the unusually rich harvest of silk cocoons. The import duty collection fell 63 million taels, accounting for 94 per cent. of the whole decrease in revenue; and it is in the circumstances striking, as a proof of the optimistic views held by foreign merchants, that no appreciable diminution took place in the number of ocean steamers entered and cleared at Shanghai. Indeed, under the Dutch, French, German, and Swedish flags there is an actual increase to record, both in numbers and in tonnage, while the Chinese flag is rapidly recovering its position on the high seas.

Far less serious is the decrease in exports of native produce, which fell 11 million taels in value, being thus 78 million taels in advance of 1925. In Chinese exports to foreign countries and Hong Kong there is indeed an increase of 16 million taels to record, the adverse balance being entirely occasioned by the disruption due to the causes indicated above, of domestic commerce. In silk, tea, and skins the year's trade was, on the whole, not unprofitable; other articles of native produce of which there was a plentiful supply were detained in the producing districts by the disorganization of railway and river traffic, and the measure of success that the export trade attained was wholly due to the uniform excellence of the crops. The year was free from the extremes of hot weather that were experienced in 1926; heavy rains fell in June, but no extensive floods were reported. The cholera epidemic in the summer was far milder than in the previous year, the number of cases and deaths reported decreasing by half.

"The net value of the year's trade, import and export, amounts to 989 million taels, against 972 millions in 1926 and 755 millions in 1925. This result is decidedly better than anyone was prepared to predict in the early months of the year.

The value of Shanghai's trade, imports and exports for the past ten years is shown in the following table:

Year	Imports	Exports	Total
1918	627,094,382	768,006,158	1,395,100,540
1919	840,968,438	827,477,690	1,668,446,128
1920	859,718,490	1,105,117,246	1,964,835,736
1921	818,543,359	1,181,077,647	1,999,621,006
1922	1,468,863,484	1,202,963,393	2,671,826,877
1923	1,202,963,393	1,202,963,393	2,405,926,786
1924	1,202,963,393	1,202,963,393	2,405,926,786
1925	1,202,963,393	1,202,963,393	2,405,926,786
1926	1,202,963,393	1,202,963,393	2,405,926,786
1927	1,202,963,393	1,202,963,393	2,405,926,786

TWENTY PER CENT.

H.K. AMUSEMENTS RECORD
YEAR.

RUMOURS OF COMPETITION.

The seventh annual meeting of the Hong Kong Amusements, Ltd., was held on Saturday, Mr. J. H. Backhouse presiding; but in contrast to the past offices in which such meetings are shown in film plays, this one took place on the stage at the Queen's Theatre to the accompaniment of the orchestra rehearsing for the afternoon performance. The report was as pleasantly unusual as the surroundings. The Company has passed through another record financial year, a 20 per cent. dividend being declared, and although there are rumours of competition the chairman's speech did not indicate that shareholders need regard this with any anxiety. After seven years' operations, the Company has paid nearly \$150,000 in dividends and placed over \$111,000 to reserve funds.

CHAIRMAN'S SPEECH.

Mr. J. H. Backhouse (Chairman) said:—Owing to the absence of your Chairman, Mr. Noronha, I am privileged to address you to-day though I would rather be listening to him than speaking for him because I have been away for six months of the year and since Mr. Noronha took the Chairmanship of your Board he has had twelve months of very arduous and at times worrying work for your Company. That his efforts and those of his co-Directors and Managing Directors have been successful, the report before you will show. You have had the report of your Directors and the statement of accounts together with the auditor's report before you for some seven or eight days and I propose to follow the usual custom and take them as read.

The few remarks I have to make will be very brief as with one or two exceptions no explanations appear necessary.

Change in Policy.

The year's work under review, viz., 1927-28, has witnessed a change in the system to which we formerly carried on the business which is shown in the large amount standing in the account for films and film rights. Some eighteen months ago it was decided after the strong recommendations of the Managing Directors that we should acquire films, in future, for the whole of China and sell or lease our rights for the remainder of China other than Hong Kong and South China. This enabled us to obtain a better grade of pictures (we now give the best that are produced) but at the same time this made the responsibility very much greater and had your Directors carried on they would have had to obtain authorization for a further issue of capital because naturally some time must lapse before the cost and profits of these films can be realized and our organization in Shanghai was a sufficient to cope with the large amount of business and expense which these entail. Since the balance-sheet was issued we have arranged with certain friends to take over the royalties on these films for North and Central China, and this having been accomplished and satisfactory deposits made, your Directors decided that they would continue to recommend a dividend of 20 per cent. For the amounts standing at the account for films and film rights we have every expectation of recovering. The result of last year's working has exceeded the previous year's record and thus makes it the third occasion that we are able to propose the repetition of a dividend of 20 per cent.

Good Prospects.

One other point I must draw your attention to is the item under cash. Last year we showed a very satisfactory sum of over \$110,000 whereas to-day with our increased business and increased profits we only show about \$49,000. The reason of this is naturally on account of the large sum we have invested in films and as I have already explained to you we have a reasonable hope of converting this figure into cash.

With the increased business that we are doing and the extreme likelihood of the future bringing further extensions coupled with the small capitalization of your Company make it, however, absolutely necessary that the reserve account should have more attention in the future than it has had in the past and you will note that your Directors have transferred an additional sum of \$40,000 to general reserve fund, thus increasing this account to the sum of \$80,000. After providing for this together with the necessary legal reserve we are carrying forward nearly \$52,000 which is over \$10,000 in excess of the figure brought forward from the previous year. In addition to the above appropriations and consequent upon the policy of past years, we have budgeted for a bonus to be paid to the staff of your Company as mentioned in the report. You will I am sure, approve this practical recognition of faithful and arduous services.

Rumours of Competition.

After being in existence for seven years this Company has paid away in dividends, including what we now recommend, nearly \$150,000 and we have placed over \$111,000

HEATED SESSION AT PROVISIONAL COURT.

COUNSEL AND EXPERTS
THREATEN TO LEAVE
COURT.

ALLEGED BULLYING OF
WITNESSES.

In the Shanghai Provisional Court last Monday afternoon, the hearing of the case in which Constantin Pavlovich Vortovovich, a Russian seaman, is charged with the murder of Revel A. Philipovich, Russian lieutenant of the str. *Chia An-shan*, at 8.30 p.m. on May 27th, 1927, was continued before Judge Hsiung and Mr. C. D. Meinhardt, Senior Consul's Deputy.

After the last hearing the case was adjourned to permit of an investigation being made by mental experts as to accused's mental state, his defence being that, at the time of the offence, he was temporarily insane.

Experts testifying at last Monday's hearing were Dr. Martha D. Collins, attached to the Margaret Williamson Hospital, West Gate, Shanghai, for the prosecution, and Dr. Robertson, Assistant Health Commissioner of the S.M.C., and Dr. A. Bary.

Dr. Collins gave as her opinion that accused was not insane at the time of the offence, while opposite views were held by the other experts.

There were many heated arguments between Mr. R. T. Bryan Police Prosecutor, and Drs. Robertson and Bary, and Dr. Wilhelm, counsel for the defence. At one stage, Dr. Robertson made an attempt to leave the Court, saying that he objected to being insulted (the Police Prosecutor having referred to case in the U.S. Court recently when "even experts have different opinions at times.") However, Mr. Meinhardt thought there was no justification for Dr. Robertson leaving the Court and advised him to stay.

Dr. Bary registered indignation when the Police Prosecutor questioned him regarding his qualifications to put forward an opinion on the accused's mental state, and said that he could not produce any diplomas because of the fact that "during the chaos created by the Bolsheviks" he had lost them, but told the Court the various universities and colleges where he had studied, and also produced a large number of letters from various people.

Dr. Wilhelm, counsel for the defence, also threatened to leave the Court, but was dissuaded by the Deputy and resumed his seat.

"You're nothing but a big bully. You come here and try to bully my witness; you bully the police and now you are trying to bully me. But I won't have it," said the Police Prosecutor, during the hearing.

The accused said that he admitted stabbing the deceased, and told the Court just what he had felt before and after the stabbing affray. He also said that he suffered from fits. The Court reserved judgment.

to reserves. I think you will agree with me that this is a very good record and there is no doubt that Hong Kong Amusements, Limited, has a future before it. I wish you to bear in mind, however, that there have been more than rumours of strong competition, and to meet this it may be necessary for your Company, in order to maintain their present position, to go in for very large extensions which will entail a considerably larger capital than is now possessed and will make quite understandable that with a much larger capital it will be more difficult to keep up large dividends.

With these remarks, Gentlemen, I beg to propose that the Directors' report and statement of accounts for the twelve months ended March 31st, 1928, be adopted.

Seconders' Speech.

This was seconded by Mr. Lee In Cheung, who said:—It is easy for any constant shareholder to say that he seconds a report like this with pleasure—a report that taken all in all is the best in the short history of the company for it shows an extraordinary stable position under present conditions in this part of the world. That is a record of which our Directors and Managing Directors may justly feel proud and on which we should congratulate them and their staff as heartily as we congratulate ourselves. I beg to second the motion from the chair.

No question was put, and the motion was carried unanimously.

Other Business.

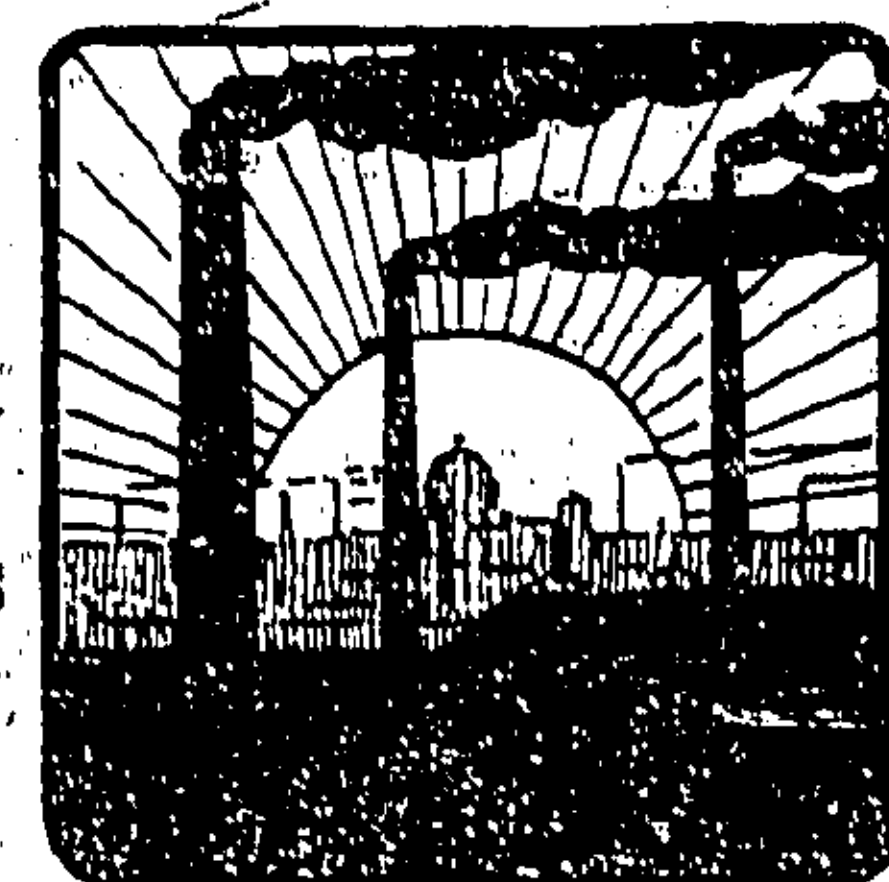
The only other business was the re-election of retiring directors and of the auditors. Mr. J. S. Gubbay and Mr. Ma Tsui Chiu were re-elected directors on the proposal of Mr. H. W. Ray seconded by Mr. R. K. Butler, and Messrs. Linstead & Davis were re-elected auditors at a fee of \$500 per annum on the proposal of Mr. C. E. Backhouse seconded by Mr. J. E. Noronha.

Present.

Those present were: Messrs. J. H. Backhouse (Chairman), H. W. Ray and Lo Kan (managing directors), Ma Tsui Chiu (director), Chas. E. Backhouse (secretary), and the following shareholders: Messrs. C. E. Backhouse, R. K. Butler, C. E. Henley, Lee In Cheung, J. E. Noronha.

KAIPING COAL

FOR HOME, FACTORY, & POWER HOUSE



HOME,
FACTORY
AND
BUNKERS

POWER
HOUSE,
TUGS &
LOCOS.

THE KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION

DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents, Hong Kong.

We have received a very interesting consignment of Records selected from the Catalogue of

THE GRAMOPHONE Co., Ltd.,

ENGLAND

including

Humorous Records by

WISH WYNNE,

NORMAN LONG,

MELVILLE GIDEON,

ERNEST HASTINGS,

JOHN HENRY & "Blossom."

Ballads by

PETER DAWSON,

GEORGE BAKER,

HARRY DEARTH.

Organ Solos by

ARTHUR MEALE,

REGINALD FOOT,

REGINALD GOSS-CUSTARD, F.R.C.O.

Band Selections by

H. M. COLDSTREAM GUARDS BAND.

A Complete List will be sent on request.

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

Chater Road.

HONG KONG IMPORTS.

EFFECT OF THE JAPANESE
BOYCOTT.

"ENQUIRY MUCH IN
EVIDENCE."

The fortnightly Price Current and Market Report issued by the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce on Saturday states:—

COTTON PRICE GOODES AND FANCY COTTON GOODES.—Further sales of Standard Brocades have been arranged but the quantity booked is very small compared with previous seasons. In new styles of Spring Fancies a nice business has been transacted which, together with other moderately new lines which have been booked fairly heavily, will tend in the future to materially reduce in quantity the trade in Standard Brocades, thus giving an added interest and wider scope to merchants' interest in the piece-goods business.

Owing to the Japanese Boycott, dealers are willing to clear these goods at best prices obtainable, several lots having been disposed of at very low prices. Enquiry is very much in evidence on cloths suitable to the trade which formerly went through Japanese channels, but prices and shipments are proving big obstacles. The Cotton market in New York and Liverpool has become increasingly "bullish" and whatever "bearish" tone was prevailing last week has since entirely disappeared owing to unfavourable weather reports and complaints of boll weevils becoming more numerous.

Another report states:—Further orders in Mercetized Brocades and Lineries were settled last week. There has been more enquiry for Grey and White Shirtings following on a good demand from Bangkok. Stocks in these goods are low and prices have improved a little. Clearances are very poor and are often only brought about by constant pressure. Manchester prices have been somewhat easier, but offers received are still 8 to 10 per cent. too low.

WOOLLENS.—A few repeat orders have been booked in Black Wool Venetians at practically the same prices as purchases made in the spring.

COTTON YARN.—Market has been very quiet during the interval and no sales have been effected. Quotations are unchanged and purely nominal:—No. 10s, \$170-180; No. 12s, \$180-190; No. 14s, \$190-200; No. 20s, \$205-210. Arrivals: 771. Shipments: 771. Sales: 771. Un-sold stocks: 1,500 bales. Bargains: 8,700 hales.

(Continued on next Column).

EUROPEAN'S BAD RECORD.

HOUSE OF DETENTION
MAKES HIM LAZY.

A European named F. O. Richards was charged before Major C. Willson on Saturday morning with failing to return to the House of Detention. The defendant complained that he would have a better chance of finding employment if he left the "House," whereas the confinement made him lazy and doing him more harm than good.

Sub-Inspector Elston, however, explained to his Worship that the defendant had a rather bad record. He became stranded in the Colony in 1925, an "through" charitable institutions he was given a passage back to Europe. Defendant "jumped" his ship at Singapore and made for Australia where he was soon sent back to Singapore. He wandered from that city to Manila and next appeared at Amoy.

He had also had six convictions in the local Courts.

The Magistrate sentenced him to six weeks' hard labour.

Raw Cotton.—Nothing doing.

MITALS.—Only unimportant business has been done this fortnight. Market is dull and dealers' idea of price is considerably below the rates ruling in the producing centres.

Flour Report.—Stock: American 450,000 bags; Canadian 250,000 bags; Australia 70,000 bags; Shanghai, 5,000 bags; 775,000 bags. Market: There is some demand but only small sales. Quotations: American Patent, \$4.20-4.25 per sack; American Straight, \$2.85-3.25 per sack; American Cut off, \$2.90-3.00 per sack; Shanghai Flour, \$2.85 per sack; Australian No. 1, \$3.10-3.45 per sack; Canadian Cut off, \$2.75-3.00 per sack; Canadian Straight, \$2.70-2.90 per sack; Canadian Mixture, \$3.00 per sack; Canadian 2nd Clear, \$2.50 per sack.

SUNDRIES.—Reported sales: 771. Market quiet, but prices are steady. Sugar (China, India and Straits Produce).—Reported Sales: Java Rough White, 42,197 piculs, Spot; Java Rough White, 123,090 piculs, to arrive during July, Aug., Sept., Oct., Nov., Dec., Jan., Feb., 1929; Java Fine White, 145 piculs, Spot; Java Rough Brown, 6,435 piculs, Spot; Java Rough Brown, 6,765 piculs, to arrive during July, Aug., Sept., 1928; Java Molasses, 74,123 piculs, Spot; Java Crystal No. 2, 47,700 piculs; Java Crystal No. 1, 7,100 piculs; Java Soft White, 800 piculs; Java Brown, 69,700 piculs; Iloilo No. 1, 3,600 piculs; Iloilo No. 2, 800 piculs; Iloilo No. 3, 10,900 piculs.

DR. CHAO-HSIN CHU
SETS OUT.

SHORT VISIT TO NANKING.

KWANGTUNG'S CALL UPON
HIS SERVICES.

MAY GO TO TOKYO LATER.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, July 29th.
Dr. Chao-Hsin Chu, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Nationalist Government and Commissioner for Foreign Affairs of Kwangtung, is leaving Canton today for Nanking to assume his new post. The new Vice-Minister will travel to Hong Kong by the s.s. *Kinsan* which leaves the city at 4.30 this afternoon. Accompanying him are two of his secretaries, Messrs. Chu Shu Sang and Chen Kai Tai. He carried very little baggage with him, and his departure from Canton was without any formality and even his official colleagues and closest friends were not certain when he would actually leave.

In an interview with our representative on board the s.s. *Kinsan* immediately before the steamer left for Hong Kong, Dr. Chu said that he will stay in Hong Kong for one day and expects to take either the s.s. *President Lincoln* or the s.s. *Chenoweth*, both going to Shanghai on Tuesday.

"I have to go to Nanking," the Vice-Minister said, "to take the oath of office and to conform with the inaugural formalities of assuming the post. Last year I was twice appointed Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs to the Nationalist Government, but I never went to the Capital to complete the formalities. Now that China has a unified Government in fact as well as in name, it is an opportune time for me to proceed to Nanking and offer my services to the country. I am doing this with the utmost alacrity and feel moreover, duty-bound to take the trip. But I shall return to Canton as soon as conditions permit and all the necessary arrangements have been made respecting the duties attached to the post. I feel I should remain in Canton and continue my old work here. The foreign affairs of Kwangtung are of the utmost importance and I have to see that they are properly managed. While in Canton I can, on the one hand, manage the foreign affairs of the Province, and also help with the provincial administration. I can take my share in shaping the foreign policy of the Nationalist Government at Nanking by means of the telegraph."

"When will you be coming back to Canton?"

"I expect that this trip will take a fortnight or so. One week in Nanking is quite sufficient. If times permit, I would like to visit the West Lake for a couple of days."

THE ENTENTE WITH HONG
KONG.

Our representative then asked: "You have certainly had a splendid and enviable record as Commissioner for Foreign Affairs of Kwangtung and I think every one, whether he is Chinese or foreigner, will agree to this. But of all the diplomatic acts which you have performed in Canton, which one gave you the most satisfaction?"

"The one that gave me the most satisfaction," the Vice-Minister replied, "was the resumption of the traditionally friendly relations between Hong Kong and Canton. Last year after the Canton visit of Sir Miles Lampson, British Minister at Peking, the strained relationship between England and China began to improve and after Marshal Li Tai Hsin's official visit to Hong Kong and Sir Cecil Clements' return visit to Canton, the relations between these two great commercial centres in South China became as cordial as ever before. All the ill feeling caused by mutual misunderstanding disappeared as the morning dew before the rising sun. The Hong Kong and Canton merchants were, once more able to carry on their trade with one another, unhampered and unmolested. I rejoice in the restoration of this happy state of affairs, and I think everybody will agree with me that anything which I did to assist Marshal Li Tai Hsin was for the common good of all."

"Another thing which gave me satisfaction was Great Britain's unconditional return of the old Consulate premises on the Top Street near the famous Flower Pagoda. In this connection, I greatly appreciated the generous assistance rendered by Mr. Brennan, the British Consul-General at Canton. Had it not been for him, this would probably not have been done. As it is, it was one of the best things performed within the past score of years."

FRENCH GOVERNMENT'S
FRIENDLINESS.

"I am also happy that the French Government is adopting an equally friendly attitude towards the Canton Government, and is prepared, too, to give back to the Chinese Government its old leased Consulate on Wai Oi Road. The size of the two Consulates is about the same, and both are magnificent buildings situated in the centre of the City. The French Government has decided to return its old Canton Consulate grounds to the Chinese authorities. At present the only thing that still keeps the French Foreign Office from immediately handing the Consulate back to us is that it has not as yet received a reply from the Department of State Property. This is only a matter of form. When that is done, the French Consul, M. Andre Danjou, and I will sign the necessary documents for the formal rendition of the property. At any rate the rendition of the old French Consulate is an accomplished fact. I am grateful to be able to tell you that M. Danjou has been helping me unreservedly in this matter, for which I am most thankful. From now on, the Sino-French relations will, like the Sino-British relations, be on a firm and cordial basis."

SEVERAL OUTSTANDING
PROBLEMS.

"Apart from all this, there were many Sino-British problems which have been satisfactorily solved between Consul-General Brennan and myself and between the Hong Kong officials and myself, and others that are in course of solution. As all these problems are being satisfactorily solved, I have not the slightest doubt that the future of Canton is bright indeed."

THE POST AT TOKYO.

Our correspondent again asked: "I understand that you were to be appointed Ambassador to Japan and that you have provisionally accepted the offer. How about that post?"

"I have received a telegram from the Nationalist Government and from Dr. C. T. Wang, who are still determined to appoint me to that post. And I am glad to accept that job, because it is fraught with very vital diplomatic problems. To me there is no other diplomatic post of an importance equal to that one, and I can serve my country no better than by accepting their offer and going to Tokyo. But I don't yet know when I can go. After my trip to Nanking I have determined to return to Canton and continue to serve my native province and my aged mother."

"Now that you are leaving for Nanking," our correspondent again asked, "who will take charge of your work at the Canton Foreign Office during your temporary absence from the city?"

"Mr. Liang Gie Wei, my chief secretary," Dr. Chu concluded, "will temporarily take charge of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs during my leave of absence."

NOTORIOUS CRIMINALS
BANISHED.CONNECTED WITH "TEAN"
AND "SEANG BEE"
PIRATES?

Two Chinese, Chen Lap Ting and Chan Choo Nam were arrested by the Police and deported from the Colony on Friday. Both men have long series of crimes recorded against them and the former is said to have figured in several of the piracies which have occurred during the last three years. He is stated to have been one of the chiefs in the *Seang Bee* piracy, and a prominent member of the band which successfully pirated the Norwegian steamer *Solviken*. His most recent escapade was, it is alleged, in the *Tean* piracy, which he boasted of having financed from Hoihow. He is a native of the Hakka district and speaks Cantonese fluently.

Smuggler And Thief.

Chan Choo Nam is described as a smuggler and thief. He has been in custody on several occasions, and he was even brought before the Bench on a charge of murder committed several years ago. The charge, however, failed on insufficiency of evidence, but the defendant was banished. His recent arrest followed a comb out by the Police in which a man who was arrested as an accomplice in the assassination of the late Mr. Lee Hyam gave information which resulted in the arrest of Chan.

The two men, whose ages do not exceed 30, are known to the Police as dangerous criminals.

WATER RESTRICTION
HARDSHIP.CONDITIONS IN CHINESE
HOUSES.TENANTS CONSTANTLY AT
LOGGERHEADS.

SEQUEL AT THE MAGISTRACY.

The shortage in our water supply is causing great hardship to those living in the restricted area, and a stroll along the Central and Western district will reveal long queues at every street fountain. Little girls and boys not more than ten years old, buckets in hand, are to be seen pitting their strength against grown up men and women. Garrulous women quarrel with one another and at one street fountain a *Daily Press* representative saw three men beating each other with bamboo poles. On the whole it is a pitiable sight, especially when one sees a woman carrying her infant on her back and another child of four or five years old trying to scoop up some of the water from the drain and crevices near the fountain.

In Chinese tenement houses conditions are just as bad. The tap is only turned on for two hours a day, and where there are three storeys in the building, the family living on the top floor can hardly get a drop of the precious fluid. As soon as the tap is turned on, the families on the ground and first floors will bring out all their soiled linen to be washed, apart from filling up every receptacle. They generally monopolise the tap without giving a thought to the family living above. The result is that in nearly every block of houses the tenants are constantly at loggerheads. Hitherto they might have been on very friendly terms with each other, but the restriction has caused endless bickering.

Spiteful Tenants.

Two cases were heard at the Central Magistracy on Saturday before Mr. R. E. Lindsell where the fourth floor tenants failing to get water, poured kerosene into the pipe out of spite.

A Chinese living at No. 1, Yu On Terrace on the fourth floor was charged with unscrewing the tap and pouring kerosene into the pipe so as to contaminate the supply to the whole building.

The defendant pleaded guilty to the first charge and denied the second. Evidence was then taken from Mr. W. R. N. Andrews of the P.W.D., who said that he had visited the premises and saw that the tap in defendant's flat had been removed. Witness also took a sample of the water and found that it smelt of kerosene.

Defendant then admitted that he had only poured "one cent's worth of kerosene" into the pipe. He did that because he could not get the tenants on the lower floors to turn off so as to give him a chance of getting some of the water.

The Magistrate said that the offence was a very disgusting one and convicted the defendant on both counts. A fine of \$25 or 14 days was imposed on the first charge and to the second count defendant was ordered to pay another fine of \$10.

Man And Boy Similarly Offend.

There was another case of the same nature, in which a man and a boy appeared as the defendants. They live at No. 13, Stanley Street and because they were not able to get water owing to the selfishness of the tenants on the lower floors, they poured kerosene into the pipe.

The man was fined \$10 or ten days imprisonment and the boy was ordered to receive 5 strokes of the birch.

More Street Fountains.

It is gratifying to note that the Water Authority has opened ten more street fountains in the water restricted areas, and a notification has been issued that on and after Tuesday, July 31st, the supply of water to all wharves in Victoria will be turned off, and will remain out off while the present restrictions on the Colony's water supply remain in force.

With regard to cutting off the supply to wharves, this is a step in the right direction. While it does not in any way inconvenience shipping, it certainly conserves a great deal of water. It was not long ago that a skipper on one of the West River boats advocated such a step saying that to wash down a vessel with filtered pipe from the hydrants at the wharves was a shameful waste, and that it was no hardship for any vessel to draw from the harbour for that purpose.

"PARADISE FOR
TWO."CONGRATULATIONS AND
AN APOLOGY.EXCELLENT PROGRAMME AT
THE QUEEN'S.

AT THE CINEMAS THIS WEEK.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

The Hong Kong Amusements have declared a 20 per cent. dividend on Saturday and showed a 100 per cent. comedy programme on Sunday, both feats deserving general congratulations. Betty Bronson deserves them too, and an apology. In the critique of "Two Girls Wanted" the fear was expressed that she had played herself out and been spoilt for ordinary parts by too early stardom, but her acting in "Paradise for Two" not only reverses that opinion but suggests that Miss Bronson may climb to the very top of the tree in her profession.

As Sally, the aspiring actress who is hired to play bride for a week or two to a wealthy young bachelor who will lose his money unless married, she is exquisite. Not only that; she gives to an ordinary and not very inspiring rôle poignancy, truth and interest. She is no longer the *enfant terrible* playing at being a woman, and very much conscious of the limelight, but a very charming natural young woman placed in a position of extraordinary difficulty. And Miss Bronson when she is not trying to look eerie is a very pretty girl who knows how to wear beautiful clothes. "Paradise for Two" ought to do more to establish her among the stars than any film in which she has so far appeared.

Richard Dix, the virile hero of "westerns," plays the hero and is almost equally good. In the early club scenes he establishes a feeling of sympathy and liking with his audience. Steve Porter, the woman-hating bachelor, who says to debutante friends, "sure he will never live to be ordered about by a woman," interests every woman because she anticipates the punishment is waiting for him, and probably married men feel the same. They settle back in their seats with a smile and think "Just you wait, my lad," knowing that no properly conducted film could let such a challenge to sentiment succeed.

Noel Coward was probably the inspiration of the amusing little scenes in which both Steve and Sally long to confess their love for each other and fight not very successfully against temptation. Neither will take the first step though the woman has the last word before she runs away leaving her address in a prominent position.

"Paradise for Two" is distinguished by good acting for the other three protagonists the uncle for whose benefit Steve hires his bride, the man servant, and the bride who provides Sally all play their parts well. It is also notable for freshness of treatment. The uncle is played by Edmund Breese and the actor, of course, by Andre Beranger who is never allowed to be anything else.

Dad's Choice.

The whole programme is good. It starts with M.G. News including a locally made picture of basketball in the Valley, then follows the actor who provides Sally all play their parts well. It is also notable for freshness of treatment. The uncle is played by Edmund Breese and the actor, of course, by Andre Beranger who is never allowed to be anything else.

FILMS OF THE WEEK.

Queen's.

To-day—"Paradise for Two."
Tuesday and Wednesday—"The Midnight Rose," with Kenneth Harlan and Lya de Putti. Wednesday at 9.30 p.m.: Long Tack Sam and his company of Chinese Wonder Workers.

Thursday to Saturday—"The Red Mill," with Marion Davies, Owen Moore and Louise Fazenda. At 9.30 each night: Long Tack Sam and his company of Chinese Wonder Workers.

World.

To-day—"The Great Gatsby," a strange drama blending irony and mysticism. With Neil Hamilton, Lois Wilson and Georgia Hale.

Tuesday and Wednesday—"Sparrows," comedy drama, with Mary Pickford.

(Continued on next Column.)

VOLCANO IN THE
PHILIPPINES.DESTRUCTIVE STAGE
BEGUN.TERRIFYING UNDERGROUND
THUNDER.

MANILA, July 29nd.

The eruption at Mount Mayon, which has been going on for three weeks now, says the *Manila Times*, reached what is believed to be the beginning of a destructive stage yesterday, emitting voluminous clouds of ashes and pouring out large quantities of incandescent material, says a telegram from the provincial commander of Albay. Considerable quantities of ash settled down in the towns of Camalig, Guinobatan, Libog and others, but as these towns were deserted two days ago, no casualties were registered.

Provincial Governor Locsin and the provincial commander consider that actual danger is at hand, and are consequently exerting every effort to avert a general stampede of Albay's entire population. In response to the request of the provincial commander for reinforcement, General Nathorst last night authorized the transfer of one company detachment from Camarines Sur and another from Sorsogon to Albay province. The two detachments will help the soldiers regularly stationed in the province in the maintenance of peace and order.

People Seized The People.

People seized the people of the province, especially those living at the foot of the volcano, as huge volumes of dark thick smoke belched forth continuously for several hours. Considerable incandescent material shot in the direction of Libog.

As a result of what the people believe to be unfavourable signs of an imminent destructive explosion, the inhabitants of Daraga, Camalig, Libog, Guinobatan and even Legaspi are fleeing to concentration places, says an earlier telegram. Slight earthquakes were felt in Malilipot although shocks were entirely local.

Crater Overflowing.

Another telegram states: "Terrifying and continuous underground thunder of volcano similar to this morning and afternoon (July 29th) accompanied by most beautiful but gruesome display of incandescent materials overflowing the crater on all sides, with rolling flame and black shooting upward to the sky again noticed at 10 tonight lasting for hours and overpowering people with fear. Many people crowd the streets vigilantly waiting for Father Selga's earthquake symptoms before fleeing."

Governor-General's Visit.

Governor-General Stimson visited the district and the *Manila Times* of the 24th says:—
Governor-General Stimson and his party returned at 3 p.m. to-day on the cruiser *Trenton* from inspecting the refugee situation around the Mayon area.

The Governor-General found all refugees well cared for and the several relief organizations ready for emergency work.

All activities in the volcano zone were inspected by the chief executive. Accompanied by the Chief of Police, Commander Jules Jarama, and Albay officials, Governor-General Stimson made the entire circuit of the volcano.

At Tabaco, where most of the refugees have gathered, the Governor-General addressed the populace, assuring them of the aid of the Government.

Before leaving Mayon, the Governor-General conferred with the officials of the relief organization.

Captain Gador, Constabulary Provincial Commander of Albay, wired headquarters to-day that immediately upon arrival the Governor-General, accompanied by Father Selga, Chief Del Rosario, Dr. Faustino and Albay officials, inspected the region around the volcano.

Governor-General Stimson commended the Constabulary for the preservation of order. No single case of theft has been registered in the refugee sector. He said the Constabulary was doing very well with the few men on hand.

Thursday to Saturday—"Heaven on Earth," a picturesque comedy of Southern France, with Conrad Nagel, Renee Adore, and Gwen Legat.

Star.

To-day—"Let it Rain," an amusing story of life with the Mannings, with Douglas MacLean and Shirley Mason.

Tuesday and Wednesday—"Three Faces East," an excellent mystery drama of the Secret Service, with Jella Goudal, Clive Brook, and Harry B. Walthall.

Thursday to Saturday—"After Midnight," A modern story of night club and theatrical life, with Norma Shearer and Lawrence Gray.

NAPIER JOHNSTON'S

N. J. CLUB

SCOTCH

WHISKY

ONE OF THE

GOOD

OLD BRANDS

—ASK FOR IT

AT THE

CLUB



LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.

ELECTRIC RECORDING
Without Scratch
Columbia
New Process RECORDS

**HUMOROUS SONGS BY
BILLY BENNETT.**

9105 DOMESTIC BLISTERS
THE REAL GUY
9205 CHARGE OF THE TIGHT BRIGADE
NO POWER ON EARTH
9237 NAPOLRON
SHES MINE

THE ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

A JOY BOOK—READ IT AND LAUGH!

LETTERS OF A SHANGHAI GRIFFIN

By
JAY DENBY.
ILLUSTRATED BY H. W. G. HAYTER.

\$3.50

REVIEWS:—

MORNING POST: "Vivacious veracity."
SUNDAY CHRONICLE: "Mr. Denby's China is a China that the foreigner can see, hear and smell."
FIELD: "Amusing and clever."
PELICAN: "Amusing and instructing as well."
LADY: "Brightly written."
FINANCIAL: "Thoroughly readable and distinctly amusing."
OVERLAND CHINA MAIL: "Written in delightfully high spirits."
COUNTRY GENTLEMAN: "Mr. Denby has turned out an amusing book which will doubtless find a large circle of readers."
TIMES: "Mr. Denby is a humorist."
SPORTSMAN: "Very lively, full of observation, and eminently readable."
BAILEY'S MAGAZINE: "Screamingly funny."
LICENSED VICTUALLERS' GAZETTE: "Lightly written, very amusing."
THE PEOPLE: "Lively descriptions of life in the Far East."
NEWCASTLE CHRONICLE: "One of the most amusing books that we have read."
SUNDAY TIMES: "The letters make up a vivacious chronicle, full of unforgotten humor and well-turned epigram."
WINNING POST: "This is a distinctly humorous book."
FINANCIAL TIMES: "This chatty volume of reminiscences will be read with amusement and pleasure."
SPORTING LIFE: "A pleasant companion for an idle evening for those who have not forgotten how to laugh."
SCOTSMAN: "Mr. Jay Denby is nothing if not lively."

KELLY & WALSH, LTD.
PUBLISHERS
CHATEL ROAD.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.
SALE OF OLD MATERIAL.

THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT is prepared to receive TENDERS for the Purchase of a Quantity of OLD MATERIAL comprising—

150 Tons (approx.) C.I. W.I. and M.S. Scrap.
5 Tons (approx.) Brass and Copper Scrap.
31 No. Fans and Telephones.
1 No. Oil Engine.
Quantity Cast Iron Pipes, Tees, Cooking Stoves, etc., etc.

The Material can be seen at the Place named in the Specification, and, as each lot must be taken as it lies, intending bidders are requested to inspect same before tendering.

Tender may be for all or any portion of the Material specified, but EACH LOT MUST BE OFFERED FOR SEPARATELY.

Delivery will be made free at the place where the Material is lying. All Cartage Charges to be paid by Purchaser. All Material must be removed WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS from Date of Acceptance of Tender, and when Packages are required they must be provided by Purchaser.

Terms of Payment:—Not Cash before Delivery, payable to the COLONIAL TREASURY, Post Office Building, Hong Kong.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the highest or any Tender. Tenders (WHICH MUST BE MADE ON OFFICIAL FORM ONLY) under Cover marked "TENDER FOR OLD MATERIAL, P.W.D.", to be lodged at the COLONIAL SECRETARY'S Office, Not Later Than Noon of FRIDAY, the 10th DAY of AUGUST, 1928, and must remain open for fourteen days after that date, if required.

For Form of Tender and Further Particulars Apply at the Office of SUPERINTENDENT ACCOUNTS AND STORES, HAROLD T. OREASY, Director of Public Works, Hong Kong, 27th July, 1928. [6555]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF HONG KONG.

ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.
MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDINGS No. 27 OF 1928.

IN THE MATTER OF WILLIAM FUELLE, LTD. (AND REDUCED) AND
IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1911.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a Petition presented to the Supreme Court of Hong Kong on the 4th day of July, 1928, for confirming the Reduction of the Capital of the above Company from \$350,000.00 to \$100,000.00 is directed to be heard before His Honour Sir HENRY GOWLING, Knight, C.B.E., on WEDNESDAY, the 8th DAY of AUGUST, 1928, at 10.30 O'CLOCK in the Forenoon.

Any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company desiring to oppose the making of an Order for reducing the Capital of the said Company under the above Ordinance should appear at the Time of Hearing by himself or his Counsel for that purpose.

A Copy of the Petition will be furnished to any Creditor or Shareholder of the Company requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated Charges for the same.

DEACONS,
Solicitors for the Company,
No. 1, Des Voeux Road Central,
Victoria, Hong Kong. [6554]

NOTICE.

THE Undermentioned Certificates for 300 Shares in this Company, standing in the Name of JOHN MAGNAN, Deceased, late of 2, Glasgow Drive, Tseungtsuen, Kowloon, have been LOST, and if at the Expiration of One Month from the Date hereof the following Shares Certificates be not forthcoming, Other Certificates for the Said Shares will be issued by the Company and thereafter No Other will be acknowledged—

Certificate for	No.
15	4822-4836
" 15	4837-4850
" 20	7030-7049
" 20	22154-22203
" 50	55357-55406
" 75	73872-73946
" 75	110177-110251

300 Shares.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hong Kong, 18th July, 1928. [6514]

"THE PEAK FLATS."

SITUATED within "Two Minutes' Walk from the Tram Station and overlooking the Southern Side of the Island. Ready for Occupation in JULY.

Five-Roomed FLATS and
Six-Roomed FLATS
with all Modern Conveniences, Drying Rooms and Out-houses, Two Lifts.

Apply to—
CREDIT FONCIER
D'EXTREME-ORIENT,
4th Floor,
FRANCO-BANK BUILDING.

INTIMATIONS.

PARTICULARS
OF THE
STEAMSHIP "GORJISTAN"
NOW LYING IN THE
HARBOR OF HONG KONG
TO BE SOLD BY
ORDER OF THE COURT
BY
PUBLIC AUCTION
ON
THURSDAY,
THE 2ND DAY OF AUGUST, 1928,
AT NOON,
IN ONE LOT,
BY
MISSRS. LAMMERT BROTHERS,
Auctioneers,
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOMS,
No. 4, DUNDRELL STREET,
VICTORIA, IN THE COLONY OF HONG KONG.

STEAMSHIP "GORJISTAN"
THE Ship is a British ship registered at Hong Kong of 4,581 tons Gross and of 2,918 tons Registered tonnage. She has accommodation for 27 First Class Passengers, 24 Second Class Passengers and 1,351 Deck Passengers and is fitted with Electric Light and was built by ARMISTONE MITCHELL & Co. of Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.

Deadweight.....6,080 Tons
Length B.P.360' 0"
Length over all378' 0"
Breadth37' 0"
Moulded Depth.....30' 0"
Horse Power.....580
Speed.....11 Knots
The Ship is also fitted as an Oil Burner.

For Order to View Apply to the Auctioneers.

For further Particulars Apply to—
MISSRS. GEO. K. HALL BRUTTON & CO.,
Solicitors, etc.,
St. George's Building,
OR TO
MISSRS. LAMMERT BROTHERS,
Auctioneers,
No. 4, DUNDRELL STREET,
HONG KONG.
Hong Kong, 28th July, 1928. [6549]

WANTED.

FURNISHED FLAT, or HOUSE
in Kowloon, with Sea View.
At least Three Rooms, and Modern Conveniences.—Write MAJOR HULL KINGSCLERE, Kowloon. [6544]

TO BE LET.

UNFURNISHED.—A GROUND-FLOOR FLAT in KENNEDY ROAD comprising Four Rooms, Bath-room and Servants' Quarters with Use of Tennis Court and Garden.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.—GROUND-FLOOR of a HOUSE in MACDONNELL ROAD, comprising Two Large Rooms and Large Verandah, with Bathroom, Hot and Cold Water and Flush System.

FURNISHED.—Four-roomed BUNGALOW, Flush System, at Kowloon Tong with Garden.

Apply to—
JOHNSON, STOKES & MASTER,
Solicitors,
Prince's Building. [6542]

TO LET.

A 5-roomed HOUSE in MINDEN AVENUE, Kowloon.—Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDING. [6503]

TO LET.

A FLAT in CARMARON BUILDINGS, Kowloon.

FLATS at MAY ROAD, Hong Kong.

Apply to—
HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD.,
ALEXANDRA BUILDING. [6501]

TO BE LET OR SOLD.—COMMERCIAL BUNGALOW at MAGNAN GAR, near MOTOR ROAD, Good Garden, Private Garage.—Apply, Box No. 6273, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6273]

TO LET.—Furnished, Four Room FLATS at 18, MACDONNELL ROAD, with Modern Conveniences. For Particulars, Apply: XAVIER BROS., 2, QUEEN'S ROAD. Tel. C. 3216 or C. 2722. [6482]

FRONT PORTION OF SHOP TO LET, Central Position, Suitable for Milliner or Dress Maker, Moderate Rental.—Apply: "Z." c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6483]

SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, with Flush Sanitation, No. 5, CONNOR ROAD, Three 3 1/2 Roomed FLATS, in Nos. 14 and 18, CONNOR ROAD.—Apply to: LINSTED & DAVIS. [650]

WANTED To Rent Unfurnished HOUSE at TUNG SHAN, (CAUTION)—Reply to Box No. 6552, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [6552]

INTIMATIONS.

WHY Continue to suffer when POO ON HERBS are within your reach—Pimples, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cough, Constipation, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, and many other Diseases. No Drug. Purely Chinese Herbs.
POO ON HERBS CO.,
68, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, 1st Floor.
Tel. C. 5009.

AN Experienced CHINESE GENTLEMAN desires Position as CASHIER. Excellent References. Security Furnished.—Please Apply to Box No. 368, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [368]

WANTED.—Japanese Spaniel Female PUPPY. Apply, stating Particulars, to Miss LAIRD, 19, CHURCH CHAS. [368]

FOR SALE.—A Set consisting of 25 Volumes ENCYCLOPEDIA BRITANNICA 9th Edition. Full Leather Bound: \$150 or Nearest Offer.—Apply: Box 364, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [364]

YOUNG PORTUGUESE LADY with Good Knowledge of Typing and Hat-making, also a Good Needle Worker, desires POSITION in Millinery Shop or Family.—Please apply to Box 367, c/o Hong Kong Daily Press. [367]

Hong Kong Office: 11, Ice House Street.
London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, JULY 31st, 1928.

FIVE MILLION GALLONS OF WATER DAILY RUNNING TO WASTE.

THE present water shortage and the prospect of further restrictions have been the subject of general conversation in the Colony during the past week. There is unquestionably an undercurrent of intense indignation that the conditions from which we are now suffering should have been allowed to develop, and criticism is very freely directed against the policy of Sir Cecil Clementi which, admittedly, is primarily responsible for the delay in providing the Island with adequate water supplies. As we pointed out last week, if the Shing Mun Valley scheme, initiated during the regime of Sir Edward Strous, and approved by the Secretary of State, had been allowed to proceed accordingly to plan there would have been no lack of water this Summer. Sir Cecil Clementi, acting in direct opposition to the strongly expressed views of all the unofficial members of Council and against the advice, we believe, of the technical experts, insisted that the work should be postponed. The average resident does not concern himself greatly with engineering details or with delicately weighing the advantages and disadvantages of alternative proposals. His attitude may be crystallised in a sentence. We have been asked on more than one occasion this week "Why should one opinion prevail against the consensus of opinion?" Another correspondent went as far as to suggest that we should call a public meeting in order that a spirited protest might be entered. We do not think that such a meeting is either necessary or desirable at the moment, but we are convinced that if one were held the Government would be astounded at the feeling of resentment which their inactivity has engendered. That resentment has not been created by official inactivity *per se*. We are a patient people and a few months delay here and there in a Government department is regarded as a matter of course. It is created by the realisation of the fact that the delay is due solely to the stand taken by H.E. the Governor against the wishes of all other groups. Hong Kong may ordinarily be apathetic in public affairs, but it has grown

INTIMATIONS.



AWARDED
50
GOLD & PRIZE
MEDALS.

IT
NEVER
VARIES!

SOLE AGENTS—

A. S. WATSON
& CO., LTD.
WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS
PHONE C. 616. [50]

too old and thinks too much of itself and its own collective intelligence to relish treatment of this kind. And we would remind the Unofficial Members that their prestige is very deeply concerned. They may protest, as we know some of them do, that they have done everything in their power. The protest falls on deaf ears. They are regarded as the representatives of the public and when there is a clash between public and official opinion the people are not satisfied until the Unofficial Members have openly and fearlessly stated the public's point of view. An expression of opinion in committee does not meet the case. Last Monday we suggested that in all probability H.E. the Governor had modified his views regarding the inadvisability of laying pipe-lines across the harbour. Even if he has not done so already he is bound to do so within a few weeks if the situation is adequately and forcefully represented from this end. We then, respectfully offered the advice that the Unofficial Members should cable to Sir Cecil Clementi pointing out the need for urgent action. We still consider that advice sound whatever may have transpired at the meeting of the Public Works Committee on Thursday. At that meeting the problem of water supply was fully discussed again and the inspired report is that "all members were alive to the needs of the situation and were doing their utmost to find a way out of the difficulties." That is cold comfort. The same thing might have been said two years ago. The pipe line must come and it would be simple courtesy on the

part of the Unofficial Members to cable to His Excellency an outline of their proposed action before forcing the issue in the Legislative Council. It would probably support and strengthen any cable sent by the Government itself. There is no doubt Sir Cecil would have to give way. To issue instructions, in the face of present-day facts, that the official vote had to be recorded against the continuance of the Shing Mun scheme, as originally conceived, would be a responsibility which no individual would care to take upon his own shoulders.

We have had callers every day to point out how heavy and constant is the wastage of water owing to leaking taps and general carelessness. There is no doubt that hundreds of thousands of gallons are lost from these causes. It is equally true that the Chinese are the worst offenders. A European will instinctively turn off a tap when he sees the water running to waste, whether he has to pay for the water or not. A Chinese will not trouble himself in the matter at all. Therefore when the Hon. Dr. KOTTEWALL refers to the sufferings of his fellow countrymen, and Mr. BAIG draws a picture of the poor people fighting for supplies at the street hydrants whilst *taipans* are using hundreds of gallons for watering their Peak gardens, *vide* a speech at the Sanitary Board last year, we would remind these gentlemen that they might perhaps be better employed in endeavouring to teach the coolies that waste is very frequently, if not invariably, followed by want. A good deal of unnecessary sympathy, as well as water, can be wasted on a Chinese coolie who does not appear to value anything which does not directly touch his own pocket. But that by the way.

We wonder how many members of the general public and how many of our Unofficial Members of Council realise that at the present time approximately five million gallons of water are being wasted daily. Kowloon, at the moment, has more than enough water from its own reservoirs. The Shing Mun valley supplies are not being touched and, therefore, they are pouring gloriously into the sea in one great stream. We would advise those interested to go and see the waste for themselves and then they would probably write "outspoken" letters to the *Daily Press*, on the subject of the "Government's Folly," of course, under *nomine de plume* so that any blame for publishing them might fall on our shoulders only. A pipe line is required to bring this water across the harbour but apparently there is some trouble about deciding the best method of laying the pipe. If it is put down in sections on the bed of the harbour, it can be in working order in a year and will cost about three lakhs of dollars. There is the danger that a section may be dragged away during a typhoon by some ship's anchor, but that would not be a terrible disaster. It might happen once in three or five years and it could easily be remedied in a month. The alternative is to embed the pipe line in concrete at a cost of possibly two and a half or three million dollars. To the layman the cheaper plan seems the obvious one to adopt and we trust the Unofficial Members will give it their support. It even meets Sir Cecil Clementi's chief objection to a pipe line that in ten or fifteen years there will be no water available from the mainland. Even supposing the pipe line had to be discarded at that distant date the loss of the capital sum of \$300,000 would not be a calamity.

One Chinese case of enteric was reported on Friday.

Mr. T. W. Ainsworth has been appointed District Officer in the Southern District of the New Territories.

It is announced that the Mar Wing Steamship Co., Ltd., and the Chinese Almanac Advertising Co., Ltd., will, unless cause is shown to the contrary, be struck off the register of companies at the expiration of three months from date.

CONCERT AT KOW LOON SPEAKERS IN LOON DOCK.

K.O.S.B. BAND AND PIPERS.

A LONG SHORT CUT.

The open air concert at the Kowloon Dock Recreation Club beach last night was attended by a very large number of people, many of whom had crossed the harbour from Hong Kong. The very successful series of concerts given in the same place last year has not been forgotten by the residents of the Colony, and they knew the journey would be well repaid by the pleasure of sitting in a cool spot near the sea and listening to a concert given by the band of the 2nd Batt., K.O.S.B., supplemented by the Pipes and Drums, for the K.O.S.B. musicians are very popular here.

The concert was given by kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel L. J. Comyn, C.M.G., D.S.O., and Officers; Mr. W. H. FitzEarle, A.R.C.M., conducted the band and Pipe Major W. C. K. Mackie and Drum Major W. D. Dalrymple the pipes and drums.

Varied Programme.
Of the nine items in the programme which included chamber music, musical comedy, and traditional airs, perhaps the 4th, selections from "Hit the Deck" played by the band gained the most enthusiastic applause; but the programme was so varied that each individual in the audience was given something of the sort of music they liked best and there was no stint of clapping after any item.

The pipes and drums are always popular, perhaps never more so than when playing in the open, when the skirling seems more musical and less foreign to English ears than in a room, and all those present were regretful that owing to pressure of time the pipe finale had to be curtailed.

The Short Out.
Many of the audience had found the walk before the concert from the bus stop to the beach rather hot and tiring and when rumours of a short-cut were circulated after the National Anthem some thirty credulous souls went in search of the mysterious "tunnel" which was to lead them out quickly. But, alas, the tunnel debouched on a boulder strewn waste across which a narrow track lead to the head of a precipitous cliff. Luckily the moon was fairly bright, and a way down by means of roughly hewn steps was discovered, not such a way, however, as was best fitted for women's high heeled evening slippers. Happily no accident was incurred and the users of the short cut only arrived in the high road about a couple of minutes behind the less adventurous souls.

If the Motor Bus Company that goes out to Kowloon Dock could be persuaded to put on a few more buses when concerts are held there, it would be a public service which would be much appreciated.

The Programme.
The full programme of the concert was as follows:—

- 1.—March Chinese "Kwang Hau" (Lincke).
- 2.—Overture "William Tell" (Rossini).
- 3.—Pipers: The 48th Canadian Highlanders; Loudens Bonnie Woods and Braes; The Highway to Linton.
- 4.—Selection: "Hit the Deck" (Youmans).
- 5.—Pipers: Dovecoats Park; The Braes O' Mar; The Kilt is My Delight; Pibroch O'Donnell Dhu.
- 6.—Selection: "Robert Bruce" (Bonnienseau).
- 7.—Pipers: The Ayrshire Lassies; Stirling Castle; Miss Girdle.
- 8.—Selection: "Communityland" (Stoddon).
- 9.—Finale, Band Pipes and Drums: "Macfarlane's Favourite"; "The Road to the Isles"; "Blue Bonnets o'er the Border"; "God Save the King."

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.50 p.m., stated:—

The typhoon is now in the immediate vicinity of the Bonins, is moving North-Eastward. A depression remains over Tongking. Local Forecast:—S.W. or variable winds, light to moderate, fine generally.

THE TYPHOONS.

A typhoon is in about 138deg. East, 23deg. North, recurring north-eastward.

The cyclone or typhoon near or over the Balintang Channel is filling up.

INSTALLED IN CENTRAL PARK.

POLITICS AND SONGS.

A NEW FORM OF DEVILS.

A new loud-speaker apparatus, recently purchased by the Municipality, has been installed at the Central Park, Canton. The formal opening ceremony was conducted on the 25th inst. when members of the various Government organisations were present. The public rolled up in force, and fully twenty thousand persons were present.

Mr. Fung Wai, head of the Bureau of Public Utilities, explained the nature of the instrument, and that it was possible to magnify sound almost to any degree.

To Broadcast Lectures.

As to the object of purchasing the instrument, Mr. Fung said that by its use news could be orally disseminated to big crowds where under ordinary conditions the human voice would not be heard except by those immediately surrounding the speaker. The principal purpose, then, of acquiring the machine, was to expound to the public the principles of the Kuomintang, and the Three Principles of the People as written by the late Director, Dr. Sun. The educated class would read and learn for themselves but the great mass of the people were either unable to read or were not in a position to purchase books on these subjects. In the interests of the great mass of the people, then, it is intended by means of this loudspeaker, to broadcast public lectures on these important principles.

Apart from the serious side of affairs, if a sufficient number of these machines were purchased, the amusement of the people might be catered for. Songs by well known singers, market rates of currencies and commodities, etc., could all be announced to the public without any trouble.

Two loudspeaker outfits were ordered, and would shortly be delivered for installation in suitable parts of the city, while the purchase of more outfits were being considered.

Following the address by Mr. Fung, songs were rendered by several noted singers, actors and actresses, while later in the afternoon, phonograph records of the lectures of the late Dr. Sun were reproduced and broadcast through the loudspeaker.

New Species Of Devil.

Those of our readers who are acquainted with the size of the Central Park will be able to appreciate the value of the instrument when we say that all the songs and addresses were heard both inside and outside the park with great clarity. The streets bounding the Central Park were packed with humanity, listening in amazement to voices that seemed to come from empty space. Conjectures were rife as to the cause of the phenomenon, but all were sufficiently wise to be able to say that the strange instrument mounted in the Park grounds had something to do with it. No report of the demonstration would be complete without some mention of the belief voiced by a few that a new species of devils had been caught and harnessed, and that it was through their agency that the human voice could be sent ringing through space for such distances.—*Canton Gazette.*

FOUR FIREMEN AND A POLICEMAN.

ALLEGED ASSAULT AND OBSTRUCTION.

Four firemen of the Central Fire Brigade appeared on Saturday morning before Major C. Willson for obstructing a Chinese Policeman in the execution of his duty and assaulting. The alleged offence was stated to have occurred at No. 24, West Street. The defendants were represented by Mr. Horace Lo who asked for a remand. This was granted and the hearing fixed for Wednesday afternoon bail of \$50 being allowed.

KILLED BY BUFFALO.

EXCITING SCENES IN PORT SWETTENHAM.

KUALA, Lumpur, July 29d.
A police constable has been gored to death by a buffalo near Port Swettenham.

A quarantined buffalo escaped from the camp at Port Swettenham on Saturday and disappeared into the blunder by the side of the railway line. On a report being made by the veterinary inspector, a police constable and a dog shooter were dispatched after the runaway and another police constable, who was unarmed, joined the party of his own accord.

The buffalo rushed on the party and gored to death the unarmed man. Later it entered the town, where three persons were injured. Later the animal was shot by the police.—*Straits Times.*

COMMUNICATIONS
IN CHINA.REPORT FOR 5TH PLENARY
SESSION.CORRUPTION AND
INEFFICIENCY.

A voluminous document has been issued by the Ministry of Communications dealing comprehensively with China's railways, posts, telegraphs, telephones—everything that comes under the heading of Communications. It has been prepared by the Minister, Mr. Wang Po Chun, to be laid before the 5th plenary session of the Kuomintang at Nanking on August 1st. It is far too long to be printed fully, but some interesting extracts may be quoted.

In A Primitive Stage.

Mr. Wang begins by pointing out that:

"In spite of railroad, telegraph, postal service and navigation, etc., having been organized more than several scores of years they are still in a primitive stage, with the exception of the postal administration which is comparatively well organized but without progress due to the continuous warfare. There are altogether only 7,000 odd kilometres of railroad already completed, a total length of 87,000 miles of telegraph, some 50 wireless stations, and 100,000 telephone numbers. Government navigation has not yet been established, what commercial organizations possess even, is not quite 400,000 tons. As to aviation and highway and all other methods of modern transportation no comparison can be made with those of Europe, America or Japan."

Loans Frittered Away.

Mr. Wang calculates that "over \$700,000,000 is the amount of loans borne by the Ministry of Communications up till the end of the 13th years of the Republic of China." In most cases payment of interest is long over-due, let alone repayment of capital. The debt is not a large one for such a country as China.

"but considering the distance of not more than 7,000 kilometres of completed lines of railroad and some 80,000 miles of telegraph this amount is starting. In tracing the reason of this backwardness we find the hindrance of communications is due to incessant civil war, the cause of which began before the years 14 and 16 when Yuan Shih Kai was in power."

The Minister then dwells on the years of corruption and wastage and of loans ostensibly raised for communications but frittered away on nobody knows what. After certain adjustments with the Ministry of Finance, the Ministry of Communications "will require about \$80,000,000 every year for the return of capital and interest, an amount difficult to meet owing to unsettled condition of the country."

Lost Rolling-Stock.

Of the loss on property, rolling-stock and so forth, we get the following startling statement:

"According to the record compiled in the 4th year of the Republic our government railroads possessed 1,400 locomotives, 2,189 passenger cars, and 17,524 freight wagons, of which only about half of the numbers are now in good condition and service, the rest being either taken out, beyond Shanhaikwan or out of order. Due to abuse and deterioration the time and labour to put them into proper conditions again would cost more than double what would otherwise be required."

Dealing With Militarists.

Mr. Wang then details his general scheme of reform, reorganization from a national point of view and centralized control and rigorous pruning out of corruption and abuse. On the special abuses practised by the military we read:

"At places where military operations exist, a special military transportation bureau may be appointed by the highest officer in command of the army to co-operate with the managing director as to arrangement of cars. No retention of cars at will for administrative affairs, causing stoppage of commercial transportation, however, will be allowed."

Adjustment Of Debt.

On the subject of China's railway loans recommendations state:

Loan agreements should be made reasonable and on an equal basis. Those impairing our sovereign rights, or aiming at monopolistic control and unreasonable profits, should be revised as soon as possible.

LEADERS START
FOR NANKING.

BRITISH WISHES STATED.

AMERICAN TREATY TEXT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 29th.
After a week of conflicting reports concerning the movements of the leaders, and some alarmist rumours of cancelling their trip and reasons for this action, Yen Hsi Shun, Li Tai Hsin and Li Tsung Jen all left Peking last night for Nanking.

T. V. SOONG LEAVES
TIENSIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TIENSIN, July 29th.
T. V. Soong left Nanking aboard the *Huiming* last night.

BRITISH DESIRES FOR
SETTLEMENT.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, July 29th.
The British Minister, in an interview, said that the British Government has in mind a method similar to that employed by the American Government for settlement with the Nationalist Government of the Nanking incident. However, owing to the fact that the British Government felt differently from the American Government regarding the problem of treaty revision, Britain did not follow the United States in the question of settling the Nanking incident. However, an early settlement is desired, and therefore the British Government will address a note to the Nanking Government, in similar terms to that of the American Government, regarding the problem of treaty revision with China.

ITALIAN NOTE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, July 29th.
The Italian Legation this morning handed to *deuter* the note which it sent to the Nationalist Government on July 11th in reply to the Nationalist Government's note of July 1st concerning abrogation of the treaty.

TEXT OF U.S. TREATY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

NANKING, July 29th.
While the official text of the Treaty signed by Mr. T. V. Soong and Mr. MacMurray is not yet available, the *Kuo Min* news agency has been informed that it contains only two paragraphs, substantially as follows:

The first clause provides that existing tariff rates on American imports and exports to and from China shall henceforth be declared null and void. A new tariff schedule to be drawn up on the principle of National Tariff Autonomy. China and America, however, will agree that there will be no discriminatory treatment accorded to their respective nationals as compared with that accorded to other nationals.

They further agree that neither shall upon any pretext whatever impose Customs duty, inland tax or any other levies on the imports and exports of nationals of the other contracting Power exceeding the rates paid by their own nationals or nationals of any other country. The said Treaty shall be effective from January 1st, 1929, upon ratification by the Governments concerned before the afore-said date. If by any chance ratification is not completed before January 1st, 1929, the Treaty shall be operative four months following the date of ratification.

The second clause specifies, in case of disagreement concerning the interpretation, that the English text of the Treaty will rule.

GERMANY AND CHINA.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, July 29th.
The German Minister is on his way to Shanghai, whence he will proceed to Nanking for the purpose of negotiating with the Nationalist Government regarding the relationship between Germany and China.

DENMARK NEGOTIATES.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, July 29th.
The Danish Minister has left Peking for Shanghai for the purpose of holding a conversation with Dr. C. T. Wang regarding the matter of treaty revision.

AN UNITED FRONT.

(Wah Tai Yat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, July 29th.
General Chang Hsueh Liang has telegraphed to his representative in Peking to the effect that he has determined to pledge his allegiance to the Nationalist Government in order that China may present a united front to foreign nations.

'ITALIA' SURVIVORS
AT COPENHAGEN.VISIT TO MALMGREN'S
MOTHER.

NOBILE DEPRESSED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

COPENHAGEN, July 29th.
The railway coach containing the *Italia* survivors arrived here at midnight aboard the ferry from Malmoe, and were greeted by the Italian Minister. No untoward incident occurred. The survivors were installed in the Italian Legation.

Zappi was not present, and it is believed that he has accompanied the Swede, Capt. Lundborg (who rescued Nobile by air) on a visit to Professor Malmgren's mother at Stockholm. He will come on to Copenhagen to-night to rejoin his companions.

General Nobile, in an interview, said that he was physically fit, but unable to shake off a feeling of depression. Ceccioni, whose death was frequently misreported from the Arctic, was hobbling about on crutches with his foot bandaged. He was emphatic that Nobile was rightly the first to be taken off from the ice floe, as he was the illast.

The Czechoslovak Professor Behounek, who was one of the Vigiliari party, is going to Prague direct where, as all his scientific notes are intact, he will immediately begin a book upon the results of the expedition.

Her Son's Compass.

STOCKHOLM, July 29th.
Zappi, accompanied by the Italian Consul-General, visited Professor Malmgren's mother and handed over her son's compass.

SECRETARY IN THE
WARS.PENALTIES OF CHANGING
SEATS.COLLABORERS AND TWO
RIBS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, July 29th.
The Assistant Secretary for War, Mr. Robbins, has broken two ribs and his collarbone in trying to change seats in a moving aeroplane.

FLOODS IN RUSSIA.

COMMUNICATIONS INTER-
RUPTED.

RIVER 12 MILES WIDE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Moscow, July 29th.
The East and West Railway and also telegraphic communications are interrupted as a consequence of floods in the Zeya district and Amur province of the River Zeya, which in some places is twelve miles wide. Damage hitherto is estimated at five million roubles.

THAMES RIVERSIDE FIRE.

CENTURY-OLD WHARF
DESTROYED.

OVER-HEATED PEANUTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 29th.
Overheated peanuts are believed to have been the cause of the greatest river fire for years, at the century-old, six-storey wharf occupied by Messrs. Chambers in the waterways of the Thames. It is in the danger-zone of the Tooley-street Dock area, and was stocked with grain, peanuts, and desiccated coconut.

The fire started yesterday evening, the flames leaping 100 feet. Two hundred firemen from various parts of London battled all night long and thousands of sightseers thronged London Bridge, Tower Bridge and both sides of the river. The new monitor *Beta 111* shot water at the rate of 1,500 gallons per minute.

The fire was not controlled until eight o'clock in the morning.

FINANCIAL SIDE OF BIG
FIGHT.TEX RICKARD'S "NEVER
AGAIN."

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

NEW YORK, July 29th.
G. \$150,000 is the official estimate of the loss on the big fight.

Mr. Tex Rickard blames broadcasting and says that never more will he sponsor a bout which is broadcast.

A.P.C. STEAMER AGROUND.

H.M.S. "GNAT" GOES TO
ASSIST.

According to a Naval Wireless message received here yesterday it was stated that the A.P.C. steamer *Atlatique* went aground at Chengling. H.M.S. *Gnat* has gone to her assistance.

WAFD DEFIANCE OF
GOVERNMENT.

MEETING AT PRIVATE HOUSE.

PRESENT MINISTRY
CENSURED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

CAIRO, July 29th.
The Wafdist senators and deputies met in a private house last evening in defiance of the Government's decree forbidding such a meeting.

They passed a resolution declaring that Parliament still exists, and is entitled to meet according to the Constitution, and calling on the Government to resign.

According to the newspaper *Al-Balagh*, the meeting was held "notwithstanding police precautions, about five hundred yards from the Governorate." A resolution was passed that the decree issued on July 19th was a revolution against the constitution, and any legislation passed or foreign agreements concluded by the present Ministry were null and void.

Finally the House was prorogued until November 17th. After all the late members of Parliament present, numbering about two hundred, had signed the resolutions, all solemnly swore "to safeguard the constitution and defend it to the utmost till the last moment of my life."

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

GOVERNMENT NOT SELLING.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ALEXANDRIA, July 29th.
It is officially announced that the Government is not selling its stock of cotton this year.

COTTON LOCKOUT

ORDERED.

HALF A MILLION AFFECTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 27th.
The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners Association has decided that the threatened lockout shall commence on August 11th.

This decision, which affects half a million cotton operatives in Lancashire, is a sequel to the strike of spinners in Ramsey Mill, Oldham, over a workman's refusal to join the Trade Union.

The Master Spinners Association Committee last week decided to recommend to an extraordinary general meeting, held yesterday, that all the Federation mills be closed at noon on August 11th and remain closed until the Ramsey Mill strikers resume.

The lock-out will affect about 120,000 operatives in the American Section, 80,000 in the Egyptian Section, and 300,000 weavers.

GERMAN INDIGNATION
WITH FRANCE.STRONG FEELING OVER
EXTRADITION REQUEST.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BERLIN, July 27th.
Indignation still continues over the request by the French Occupation Authorities to be German Government to extradite three Germans sentenced to five years' penal servitude by French Court Martial at Landau on a charge of tearing down the French flag from the officers' casino at Zweilbrucken.

The Nationalist organizations have issued a declaration stating that if the Government agrees to the extraditions, "Constitution Day" (on August 11th) should be celebrated as a day of mourning and repentance, as a symbol of Germany's servitude and dishonour.

A request has been made to President Hindenburg immediately to dissolve the Reichstag if it consents to the extraditions.

Meanwhile, the Government has taken no notice of the outburst but is negotiating through diplomatic channels with France.

THIRD READING OF
FINANCE BILL.

CHURCHILL'S OPTIMISM.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 27th.
The House of Commons has, by 249 votes to 84, defeated a motion for the rejection of the Finance Bill, which was accordingly read a third time.

In the debate on the Finance Bill to-day, Mr. Winston Churchill, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said as a result of information available at the close of the first quarter of the financial year, there was a good prospect of a surplus on the year of £14,000,000 sterling, and there was no reason why the Budget estimate as a whole should not be made good.

OLYMPIC GAMES
INCIDENT.FRENCH TEAM REFUSED
ADMISSION.

OBSTINATE GATEKEEPER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

AMSTERDAM, July 28th.
In the Stadium here, which was thronged by a crowd of 40,000 spectators, the Prince Consort finally declared open the Ninth Olympiad. After rain throughout the night the clouds broke this morning, and sunshine lit up the gaily bedecked streets and stadium.

The Prince Consort was tumultuously cheered as he took the salute to the strains of the Dutch National Anthem.

The opening was marked by a sensation. When the parade of competitors, forming the cream of the world's manhood, marched past the Royal Box, it was found that the French competitors were not participating in the march.

Their absence was apparently due to a misunderstanding with the gatekeeper. The team was yesterday authorised to view the grounds, but the gatekeeper refused to admit them.

A heated argument followed during which the gatekeeper struck M. Mirecamp, secretary of the French team. The Frenchmen immediately withdrew.

The Netherlands Olympic Committee, on hearing of the incident, apologised and the incident was believed to be closed.

However, when the French team arrived to participate in the march past the same gatekeeper was on duty and obstinately refused to admit them. The Frenchmen again withdrew, and the question has arisen of their refusing to participate in the Games.

Gross Insult.

The French Olympic competitors, finding the same gatekeeper on duty to-day, though his dismissal had been promised, spontaneously decided not to participate in the march past.

They have lodged an official protest, describing the incident as a gross insult. Meanwhile the French authorities are consulting with the French Minister to the Netherlands, before deciding as regards participation in the Games.

Incident Cleared Up.

LADY HEATH.

ENGAGED FOR 20,000 MILE
FLIGHT.PILOT OF BIG PASSENGER
PLANE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, July 27th.
Lady Heath, interviewed by *Reuter* on her arrival at Croydon from Amsterdam as second pilot of the 16-passenger Fokker-Jupiter plane of the Royal Dutch Air Line, said she had been engaged to act as second pilot of a Fokker air liner fitted with three Armstrong-Siddeley engines which would make the journey from Amsterdam to Batavia and back in the autumn, to inaugurate the new Dutch service.

She is now intent on gaining experience on big multi-engined machines and will later study engines at the Armstrong-Siddeley works.

Lady Heath said she found the big passenger air liners easier to fly than small machines, as they were practically stable.

Later in the day, Lady Heath flew back in the cockpit of the plane to Amsterdam with a full load of passengers and freight.

To Gain Experience.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 27th.
Lady Heath, the well-known British air woman, arrived at Croydon Aerodrome to-day in the cockpit of a Fokker-Jupiter fifteen-passenger Dutch air liner. She has entered into a contract with the Royal Dutch Air Line in order to obtain experience of large multi-engined machines.

Although Lady Heath was nominally second pilot on to-day's trip, it is understood that she took charge throughout the journey from Amsterdam and is the first woman in the world to act as pilot of a large air liner.

It was her third day with a passenger machine. She flew from Amsterdam to Paris on Wednesday and to Brussels yesterday. She returned to Amsterdam from Croydon later to-day, and on Monday she expects to fly to Zurich.

Her purpose is to obtain experience prior to a 20,000 mile flight from Holland to Batavia and back in the autumn. The Dutch are sending out four air liners to inaugurate an air service over that route, and Lady Heath is going as pilot of a fifth machine, a Fokker with three Armstrong-Siddeley engines, in which General Snyder, the distinguished Dutch soldier, will be among the passengers.

Lady Heath's previous air experience has been mainly with light machines, in which she made many notable flights.

RAILWAY WAGE
SETTLEMENT.

BRITISH COMMON SENSE.

HISTORIC AGREEMENT.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 28th.
Contrary to general expectations, a settlement was reached yesterday in the wages negotiations between the four railway companies and the three railway unions. It had been anticipated that negotiations would be prolonged and a settlement would only be reached after resorting to special conciliation machinery, but complete agreement, in which are included representatives of Locomotive Engineers' Union, who withdrew from conference on first day, was announced last night.

Under the settlement railway men are to accept a reduction in earnings of 2½ per cent. from August 13th. Railway directors have offered to join in this reduction so far as their own salaries are concerned, and the managerial staff will also suffer the same reduction. Standard agreements remain intact but are temporarily subject to this agreement.

The agreement is to remain in force for twelve months and then to be terminable by three months' notice. Mr. J. H. Thomas, the chief representative of the National Union of Railwaymen, last night described the agreement as a great triumph of British common sense. He added: "It is historic, and must play an important part in the future relations of capital and labour."

THE NEW PRIMATE.

THE KING'S APPROVAL.

ARCHBISHOP OF YORK.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 28th.
The Prime Minister has issued the following communiqué: "The King has been pleased to approve the nomination of the Most Reverend and Right Honourable Cosmo Gordon Lang, Lord Archbishop of York, Primate of England and Metropolitan, to the Archbishopric of Canterbury, to become vacant on November 12th by the resignation of the Most Reverend and Right Honourable Randall Thomas Davidson, Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan."

NEW CABINET.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BEGRAD, July 27th.
The Cabinet has been reformed, with Father Koroshetz as Premier and M. Marinkovitch as Foreign Minister.

HORRIBLE CRIME IN
MANILA.JEALOUS HUSBAND'S
VENGEANCE.VICTIM A 24-YEAR-OLD
EDITRESS.

[MANILA, July 23rd.]

One of the most revolting crimes ever recorded in the police annals of Manila occurred yesterday morning, when Rosario Gardiner, 24 years old, magazine editor of *La Opinion*, a local Spanish daily, was hacked to death with a butcher's knife by her jealous husband, Andres B. Espina, in the garden of the girl's uncle at 322 P. Burgos Passay. The crime occurred at 9.15 a.m., Sunday and the young wife expired at the San Juan de Dios Hospital at 12.20 p.m., or about three hours later. A mortal wound on the right portion of the back caused death.

Before dying the girl was able to make a sworn statement before Glicerio Opinion, provincial fiscal of Rizal, in which she stated that her husband killed her with a butcher's knife. She said that yesterday morning she and her husband left their home to visit the girl's aunt, Mrs. Anita Monasterio. They had decided to go there, she declared, in order to arrive at some settlement in regard to their marital troubles.

Following a little argument in which the girl told her husband: "You can kill me if you want to," Espina drew the knife he had concealed in his person and attacked her. The girl further averred that she wanted to get a legal separation from her husband because he had been maltreating her.

Shortly after the commission of the crime Espina was arrested by the police of Pasay. In a state ment made before the chief of police of Pasay, Espina declared that he killed his wife. He would not answer any other question put to him, beyond stating that he was 30 years old, and that he had no occupation. He is now in the municipal jail of Pasay.

Complaint for parricide was filed this afternoon against Espina with the justice of the peace court of Pasay. In the meantime the (Continued at foot of next column.)

CABLE CONFERENCE
REPORT.

LONDON PRESS COMMENT.

REVOLUTIONARY STEP.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUGBY, July 28th.
The Report of the Imperial Wireless and Cable Conference now awaits discussion by the Empire Parliaments before effect can be given to its recommendations. Meanwhile it is being examined closely in the Press.

The sweeping nature of its recommendations is recognised on all hands, and the *Times* says that both from economic and political view points they are of most far-reaching importance. "Economically they inaugurate a new era in the history of empire communication, which in itself is an achievement of the highest order. Politically their unanimous character is a remarkable monument of imperial co-operation. These far-sighted recommendations provide beyond a doubt the right solution to what but a short time ago seemed an insoluble problem. Any less bold and comprehensive scheme would have been doomed to failure from the outset."

Fundamental Principles.
The solution proposed is built up on two fundamental principles—unity of control and private enterprise—neither of which could be neglected without certainty of failure. By combining the whole system of empire communications in one vast amalgamation it has rendered possible the advantages and economies of a moderate large scale enterprise—scientific co-ordination, the elimination of wasteful competition and all the opportunities for economy which these alone can bring."

The *Daily Telegraph* congratulates the Conference on the proposals, which constitute a revolutionary reorganisation of all telegraphic services linking the empire together. It says that the arguments in favour of these sweeping changes are irresistible; except on the ground, which it describes as a purely doctrinaire point of view, that national ownership is thing sacred in itself, to which all other considerations must give way.

Opposition Lines.
Among the Liberal and Labour newspapers some exception is taken to the report on these grounds, and it is clear that the opposition in Parliament will concentrate primarily on the state ownership issue when the report is debated in the Commons next week.

The *Daily Herald* protests vigorously against the abandonment of the principle of public ownership, and the *Manchester Guardian* questions the wisdom of the British and Dominion Governments selling their cable and wireless services to a private combine. The *Guardian* demands a careful consideration of whether adequate safeguards are provided in the report to ensure against a subordination of public interests to profit making in the proposed new combine.

State Ownership.
The Liberal journal, the *Daily Chronicle*, on the other hand reminds advocates of state ownership that many states are involved in this reorganisation. It adds: "Can it be thought that a state enterprise, run jointly by such a multiplicity of states, would be a hopeful way of dealing with a business proposition even if, as is not the case, they were all keen on such an experiment? Nobody who does not make it a dogma to insist on state ownership in all conditions could find the conditions here auspicious. So we are brought almost inevitably to the solution of an Imperial Public Utility Company such as the conference's report suggests. Safeguards are needed, but these points are covered explicitly and adequately in the report."

PERAK GHOSTS!

WEIRD HAPPENINGS RE-
PORTED FROM TAPAH.

IPOH, July 20th.

A weird phenomena is exciting residents of Tapah, where an authenticated report is published of mysterious happenings in a shop-house. At about eight o'clock on Monday night a local barber's shop received a steady rain of stones at intervals.

The barber reported the matter to the police, who failed to discover the source, which apparently was from the blue. Then a perfect police cordon was formed around the shop, but stones, large and small, rained on the roof during the watchers. Many got the "wind up," and left scared. The fusillade stopped after two hours. The same experience happened the next night.

Similar happenings occurred in

TENNIS LEAGUE.

CHINESE R.C. MAINTAIN RECORD.

HONG KONG C.C. COMPLETE PROGRAMME.

RECREIO II. FORGE AHEAD.

With one exception the programme on Saturday consisted of "C" Division matches. An interesting tie was that between the Club de Recreio II. and the Kowloon Cricket Club in the "C" on the former's courts which resulted in a win for the home team. By this defeat, Kowloon, who have suffered three reverses, can now be regarded as out of the running for the runners-up position. Recreio II., on the other hand, have improved their chances. They are at present third to the two Chinese teams, and it will be difficult to shift them. A margin of 39 games is a convincing victory, but Kowloon were without several men, who took part in the match against the Chinese Recreation Club "C" II. to whom they lost by one game only.

The South China Athletic Association, who unexpectedly went down to Civil Service Cricket Club the previous week, beat the Y.M.C.A. by 43 games which proved to be the biggest margin of the day. They are now competing with the Recreio II. for the position in the table next to the Chinese Recreation Club. Both have lost one match each.

Of the other matches the Chinese Recreation Club won both their matches, as expected, thereby maintaining their unbeaten record. Their second team, who beat the Indian Recreation Club by 35 games, occupy the leading position in the Table with ten matches played and won, while their first team, who beat the R.A.M.C. by 27 games are second with nine matches played, all being won.

The Club de Recreio I. were also successful against the Kowloon Indian Tennis Club who have yet to register a win, while the Hong Kong Cricket Club and the Civil Service Cricket Club secured victories at the expense of the Kennedy Road Married Quarters and the R.A.O.C. respectively.

In the only match in the "B" Division, the Hong Kong Cricket Club beat the University by 17 games on their own courts. The winners have now completed their fixtures and of ten matches, have won eight and lost two. Their two defeats were by the Chinese Recreation Club and the South China Athletic Association, the two leading Clubs in the Table.

DIVISION "B."

Hong Kong C.C. v. University.
Playing at home Hong Kong Cricket Club defeated the University by 17 games.
Scores:—H.K.C.C. 58; Varsity 41.
H.K.C.C.—G. Miskin and W. B. Cornaby; R. M. Henderson and J. G. Lawrie; R. K. Valentine and W. A. Nowers.
University—G. de Souza and J. Barrow; Y. B. Ng and T. K. Tan; T. L. Lu and G. E. Yeoh.

DIVISION "C."

Chinese R.C. I. v. R.A.M.C.
Playing at Causeway Bay, Chinese Recreation Club I. defeated Royal Army Medical Corps by 27 games.
Scores:—C.R.C. I. 63; R.A.M.C. 36.
C.R.C.—Cheng Chi Wing and Chan Wah Po; Lau Man Kwong and Chiu Tam Chiu; Ip Kau and Lo Man hin.
R.A.M.C.—Major R. H. Lucas and Pte. Tierman; Major B. T. Cox and S/Sgt. Sims; S/M. Browne and S/Sgt. Gilmore.

C.R.C. II. v. Indian R.C.
On their own grounds at Causeway Bay, Chinese Recreation Club II. beat Indian Recreation Club by 35 games.
Scores:—C.R.C. II. 57; I.R.C. 22.
C.R.C.—Ng Kam Chuen and Tsoi Ping Fan; W. C. Hung and H. W. Chan; C. F. Lee and Hon Lan Fung.
I.R.C.—M. O. Hoosen and A. Rahman; M. Hassan and Y. A. Khan; M. P. Madar and M. Y. Adal.

Recreio II. v. E.O.C.
On their own grounds at King's Park, Club de Recreio II. defeated Kowloon Cricket Club by 39 games.
Scores:—C. de R. II. 99; K.C.C. 30.

Recreio II. v. L. A. Rocha and G. A. Noronha; A. A. Remedios and A. Gosano; A. A. Barros and C. A. Barreto.
K.C.C.—O. H. Atkins and K. A. Carstensen; A. E. Quest and B. P. Bingham; A. W. Ramsay and E. Walker.

Kowloon Indian T.C. v. Recreio I.
Playing on their own ground, Kowloon Indian Tennis Club lost to the Club de Recreio I. by 19 games.
Scores:—C. de R. I. 59; K.I.T.C. 40.

K.I.T.C.—G. A. Khan and S. R. Sallie; R. Singh and Firdos Khan; Feroz Ali and M. A. Khan.
C. de R. I.—M. Oliveira and A. E. Ribeiro; J. Xavier and F. H. Carvalho; A. Remedios and J. H. Figueiredo.

(Continued on next column.)

GOLF.

SCOTTISH AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP.

WIN FOR WILLIS MACKENZIE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

The final of the Scottish Amateur Championship, played over 36 holes at Muirfield, resulted in a victory for W. Willis Mackenzie of Mortonhall, who beat W. Dodds (Prestwick) by 5 and 3.

CANADIAN OPEN CHAMPIONSHIP.

COMPTON EQUAL SECOND.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

Toronto, July 29th.
Leo Diegel, of New York, has won the Canadian Open Championship, with a score of 292 over 72 holes. Archie Compston, Walter Hagen and MacDonald Smith all tied for second place with a score of 294.

Y.M.C.A. v. South China.

On their own ground the European Y.M.C.A. lost to South China Athletic Association by 43 games.
Scores:—Y.M.C.A. 29; S.C.A.A. 71.

Y.M.C.A.—Ponsford and Murray; Trambitzky and Faers; Saunders and Jones.
S.C.A.A.—Tsang and Tsao; Ng and Yung; Lam and Ko.

Hong Kong C.C. v. Kennedy Road Married Quarters.

Playing on the "Club's" ground, Hong Kong Cricket Club defeated Kennedy Road Married Quarters by 27 games.
Scores:—H.K.C.C. 63; K.R.M.Q. 36.

H.K.C.C.—N. L. H. Ralton and A. Piercy; G. S. Hugh Jones and James; L. A. R. Duncan and H. V. Parker.
K.R.M.Q.—Hardy and Mocoek; Delahunt and Potts; McCulloch and Burrage.

Civil Service v. R.A.O.C.

On their own courts at Happy Valley, Civil Service Cricket Club defeated Royal Army Ordnance Corps by 19 games.
Scores:—C.S.C. 59; R.A.O.C. 40.

C.S.C.—W. H. Owen and R. F. Jones; A. White and R. White; C. R. Spittley and B. Bendall.
R.A.O.C.—Greenaway and Major W. White; Waterfield and Hale; Bryant and Donaldson.

LEAGUE TABLES.

"A" Division.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
Chinese R.C.	6	0	0	6
Hong Kong C.C.	6	4	2	4
M.B.K.	6	4	2	4
Indian R.C.	6	2	4	2
Kowloon C.C.	6	2	4	2
Craigengower	5	1	4	1
University	5	1	4	1

"B" Division.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
Chinese R.C.	10	10	0	10
South China A.A.	9	8	1	8
Hong Kong C.C.	10	8	2	8
Recreio	8	5	3	5
Indian R.C.	7	3	4	3
Nippon Club	7	3	4	3
Craigengower	9	3	6	3
University	8	2	6	2
M.B.K.	7	1	6	1
Royal Engineers	8	1	7	1
Kowloon C.C.	6	0	6	0

"C" Division.

	P.	W.	L.	Pts.
Chinese R.C. II.	10	10	0	10
Chinese R.C. I.	9	9	0	9
Recreio II.	10	9	1	9
South China A.A.	7	6	1	6
Kowloon C.C.	9	6	3	6
Hong Kong C.C.	9	6	3	6
Civil Service	9	6	3	6
Recreio I.	11	5	6	5
Kennedy Road M.Q.	9	4	5	4
R.A.O.C.	10	4	6	4
R.A.M.C.	10	3	7	3
Nippon Club	8	2	6	2
Y.M.C.A.	10	1	9	1
Indian R.C.	11	1	10	1
Kowloon Indians	10	0	10	0

HONG DOUBLES.

TO-DAY'S MATCH.

3rd Round.—Rev. Koop and Very Rev. A. Swann (St. John's Cathedral) owe 4/8 v. G. Miskin and C. Blaker (Gilmann & Co.) owe 2/6.

FRIENDLY MATCH.

RECREIO v. H.K.Y.D.C.

The following will represent Club de Recreio in a friendly tennis match against the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps on Wednesday at 5.15 p.m. on the Club de Recreio's ground at King's Park:—V. Yvanovich and F. J. Remedios; L. A. Ribeiro and A. V. Remedios; E. A. Noronha and E. de Sousa.
The Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps will be represented by:—S. E. Green and E. C. Fincher; H. Owen Hughes and C. E. C. Marton; R. K. Valentine and E. J. B. Mitchell.

LAWN BOWLS.

DRAWN GAME IN SENIOR DIVISION.

"DOUBLE" FOR TAIKOO.

Saturday's matches in the Lawn Bowls League provided the first drawn game of the season in the senior division, Kowloon Docks sharing the points at home with the Kowloon C.C.

Taikoo maintained their reputation at home by defeating the Kowloon Bowling Green on all rinks.

On the Police ground the Civil Service again went down in a close game. A. Clark's team played well from the beginning and scored 33 shots in the first 14 heads, giving Hollidge only 2 singles. The latter improved and in the last head was left with 4 shots to win, but gave 3 away instead.

In the junior section, Civil Service defeated East Point and improved their prospects for premier place and promotion.

Taikoo's visit to the K.C.C. ground was marked by a narrow victory for the former, and, with their senior team winning at Kowloon, the Club secured a "double."

The Yachtsmen visited Kowloon Bowling Green and lost on all rinks.

Craigengower after their collapse the previous week, before Recreio "A" did well in defeating the other Recreio team at King's Park. There was very little difference between the scores and the visitors won by 9 shots on the margin established on one rink.

RESULTS AT A GLANCE.

Division I.

Kowloon Dock drew with Kowloon C.C. 26 shots each.

Taikoo beat Kowloon Bowling Green by 31 shots (79-48).

Police beat Civil Service by 6 shots (54-48).

Division II.

Civil Service beat East Point by 48 shots (78-30).

Kowloon C.C. lost to Taikoo by 4 shots (54-58).

Kowloon Bowling Green beat Yacht Club by 23 shots (68-45).

Recreio "B" lost to Craigengower by 9 shots (49-58).

DIVISION I.

Kowloon Docks v. Kowloon C.C.

Playing at home, the Kowloon Docks R.C. drew with the Kowloon C.C. at 26 shots each.

K.D.R.C. K.C.C.

McLaggan	Dobbie
McKelvie	Howe
Henderson	Smith
Gray (S.)	Fraser (S.)
Atkinson	Goodwin
Cullen	Lammert
Lindsay	Wragge
Brown (S.)	Gibson (S.)
Goodman	Keegan
Cooper	Burford
Hodley	Overy
Lapsley (S.)	Chapman (S.)
Total..... 56	Total..... 56

Taikoo v. Kowloon Bowling Green.

Playing at home, the Taikoo R.C. beat the Kowloon Bowling Green Club by 31 shots. T.R.C., 79; K.B.G.C., 48.

T.R.C. K.B.G.C.

Stalker	Nish
Whyte	Harvey
McLeod	Magill
Ferguson (S.)	Russell (S.)
Laing	Duncan
Chapman	Muir
Russell	Holland
Wallace	Marfalan
(S.)	(S.)
Total..... 59	Total..... 59

Chalmers

Grimshaw

Matthews

Drummond

(S.)

(S.)

Total..... 79

Total..... 48

Police v. Civil Service.

Playing at home, the Police R.C. beat the Civil Service C.C. by 6 shots. P.R.C., 54; C.S.C.C., 48.

P.R.C. C.S.C.C.

Hargreaves	Simmons
Glendinning	Booker
Starks	Gregory
A. Clark (S.)	Hollidge (S.)
Gooding	Laing
McLeod	Hajnes
Hollands	Alderman
J. Clark (S.)	Pendered (S.)
Oram	Davies
Wiltshire	Westlake
West	Deakin
Moss (S.)	Grimmitt (S.)
Total..... 54	Total..... 48

DIVISION II.

Civil Service v. East Point.

Playing at home, the Civil Service C.C. beat the East Point R.C. by 48 shots. C.S.C.C., 78; E.P.R.C., 30.

C.S.C.C. E.P.R.C.

Eccleshall	Gordon
Jones	Black
Archibald	Goldenberg
Massey (S.)	Hampton (S.)
Holdman	Coutes
Longbottom	Kinnaird
Luck	Akehurst
Taylor	L. de Rome
(S.)	(S.)
Whant	Arnold
Vergette	Baker
Dickford	Paul
Allan (S.)	Webster (S.)
Total..... 78	Total..... 30

Kowloon C.C. v. Taikoo.

Playing at home, the Kowloon C.C. lost to Taikoo R.C. by 4 shots. K.C.C., 54; T.R.C., 58.

K.C.C. T.R.C.

Gittins	Keown
Shank	Hope
Robinson	Craig
Petheram	Jas. Sloan
(S.)	(S.)
Webb	D. Young
Kern	Cameron
Tacchi	T. Young
Hirst (S.)	Munro (S.)
Brace	Spiers
Smith	Maxwell
Lay	Moore
Harridge	John Sloan
(S.)	(S.)
Total..... 54	Total..... 58

Kowloon Bowling Green v. Yacht Club.

Playing at home, the Kowloon Bowling Green Club beat the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club by 23 shots. K.B.G.C., 68; R.H.K.Y.C., 45.

K.B.G.C. R.H.K.Y.C.

Stonham	Abraham
Hatt	Bentley
Hogbin	Edwards
Forster (S.)	Wyllie (S.)
Bell	Sutton
Drake	Deacon
MacLachlan	Ramsay
Roylance (S.)	Carpenter (S.)
Rundell	Murdoch
Hale	Rouse
Johnston	Wood
Macfarlane	Shields
(S.)	(S.)
Total..... 68	Total..... 45

Recreio "B" v. Craigengower.

Playing at home, the Club de Recreio "B" lost to the Craigengower C.C. by 9 shots. Recreio, 48; C.C.C., 57.

Recreio "B" C.C.C.

Gomes	Kharas
Soares	Abbas
J. Ribeiro	Nicholson
Ozorio (S.)	Collins (S.)
Machado	Modi
Barros	Flegg
Sequeira	Lunny
Yvanovich	Razack
(S.)	(S.)
Alves	Reed
Sousa	Zimmer
Basto	Lewis
Gutierrez	Knot
(S.)	(S.)
Total..... 49	Total..... 68

LEAGUE TABLES.

The positions in the League to date are:—

Division I.

	P.	W.	D.	L.	Pts.
Craigengower	7	7	0	0	14
Police R.C.	8	5	0	3	10
Kowloon Docks	8	4	1	3	9
Taikoo R.C.	7	4	0	3	8
Kowloon C.C.	7	1	1	5	3
Kowloon B.G.C.	8	3	0	5	6
Civil Service C.C.	9	0	0	9	0

SHOTS FOR AND AGAINST.

For Agst. Up Dn.

Craigengower	440	364	78	0
Taikoo R.C.	431	399	32	0
Kowloon B.G.C.	487	477	10	0
Kowloon D.R.C.	490	478	2	0
Police R.C.	448	461	0	13
Kowloon C.C.	289	421	0	32
Civil Service	474	548	0	75

Division II.

P. W. D. L. Pts.

Civil Service	8	8	1	1	13
Kowloon B.G.C.	9	5	1	3	11
Recreio "A"	8	5	0	3	10
Taikoo R.C.	8	4	0	4	8
East Point R.C.	9	4	0	5	8
Craigengower	9	4	0	5	8
Recreio "B"	7	3	1	3	7
Kowloon C.C.	7	1	1	5	3
Yacht Club	7	1	0	6	2

DAVIS CUP.

TILDEN BEATS LACOSTE.

DOUBLES DELAYED BY RAIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, July 29th.
Rain caused a delay in the Davis Cup doubles between America and France when France was leading by 3 games to 2 in the first set. The match was therefore postponed and will be continued to-morrow. The present position is that France (the holders) and America have each won one singles match.

A Huge Crowd.

A huge crowd of all nationalities, including a large number of Japanese, gathered at the Stade Roland Garros to watch the first day's play, which resulted as follows:—Tilden (U.S.A.) beat Lacoste 1-6, 6-4, 6-4, 2-6, 6-3.

Cochet (France) beat Hennessey 3-7, 9-7, 6-3, 6-0.

A Great Struggle.

Lacoste, who served first, took the game, Tilden taking the next after defence had been called several times. After this the American gave many easy openings for Lacoste to shoot past him when he came to the net.

A feature of the second set was Tilden's crisp volleys at the net which the Frenchman was unable to return. Lacoste seemed unable to find his length, sending many balls outside.

The third set was a repetition of the second. It was rather a battle of wits than hard-hitting.

Tilden was nearly always successful when he advanced to the net in the fourth set. Play was very fast. The Frenchman took the offensive and forced Tilden to run backwards and forwards, tiring him out until he sent the balls into the net.

The fifth set was a wonderful exhibition, both returning what seemed to the spectators to be unreturnable balls. The scores were level at 3-3, but again Lacoste lost his length with Tilden sweeping all before him.

Cochet's Victory.

Cochet was in his element against Hennessey. Both adopted hard-hitting rather than safety tactics, attempting impossible overhead shots which frequently failed to come off.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE ACROSS THE PACIFIC.
TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

17 Days Hong Kong-Vancouver, 14 Days Shanghai-Vancouver.
11 Days Kobe-Vancouver, 9 Days Yokohama-Vancouver.

SAILINGS 1928.

Steamers	Hong Kong	Shanghai	Kobe	Yokohama	Vancouver
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Aug. 8	Aug. 11	Aug. 14	Aug. 18	Aug. 25
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 29	Sept. 1	Sept. 4	Sept. 8	Sept. 15
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sept. 12	Sept. 15	Sept. 18	Sept. 22	Sept. 29
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Oct. 3	Oct. 6	Oct. 9	Oct. 13	Oct. 20
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Oct. 24	Oct. 27	Oct. 30	Nov. 3	Nov. 10
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Nov. 7	Nov. 10	Nov. 13	Nov. 17	Nov. 24
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Nov. 23	Nov. 26	Nov. 29	Dec. 3	Dec. 10
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Dec. 12	Dec. 15	Dec. 18	Dec. 22	Dec. 29
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Jan. 18	Jan. 21	Jan. 24	Jan. 28	Jan. 35
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Feb. 8	Feb. 11	Feb. 14	Feb. 18	Feb. 25
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Feb. 27	Mar. 2	Mar. 5	Mar. 9	Mar. 16

(E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki the day after departure from Shanghai)

SPECIAL FARES TO EUROPE

£120: First class throughout.
£112: First class Pacific and rail, Cabin class Atlantic.
£83: Second class Pacific, First class rail and Cabin class Atlantic.

Atlantic sailings from Montreal and Quebec every few days to Liverpool, Southampton, Glasgow, Antwerp, Cherbourg and Hamburg.

HONGKONG-MANILA SERVICE

Leave Hong Kong	Arrive Manila	Leave Manila	Arrive Hong Kong
July 31	Aug. 2	EMPEROR OF CANADA	Aug. 3
Aug. 21	Aug. 23	EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 24

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

PAYABLE THE WORLD OVER

THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO CARRY FUNDS.

Passenger Department: Tel. C. 752. Cable: "GACANPAO."
Freight and Express: Tel. C. 42. Cable: "NAUTILUS."

N.Y.K. LINE

THROUGH BOOKING TO EUROPE AT REDUCED RATES.

£120, £112, £110, £102, £83, via SAN FRANCISCO, OAKLAND, and JAPAN and SPAIN.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.

TAIYO MARU (Calla Los Angeles) ... Wednesday, 8th Aug.

TENYO MARU ... Tuesday, 21st Aug.

LONDON, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, via Singapore, Penang, Colombo & Suez.

ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 11th Aug.

KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 25th Aug.

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Porto.

MISHIMA MARU ... Wednesday, 22nd Aug.

TANGO MARU ... Wednesday, 19th Sept.

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.

TAMBA MARU ... Saturday, 11th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (West Coast) via Japan, Honolulu, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.

ANYO MARU ... Saturday, 18th Aug.

SOUTH AMERICA (East Coast) via Singapore, Cape Town & Porto.

BINGO MARU ... Wednesday, 1st Aug.

NEW YORK and BOSTON via PANAMA.

TATSUNO MARU ... Tuesday, 31st July.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Genoa & Marseilles.

DELAGOA MARU (Calla Glasgow) ... Friday, 17th Aug.

OALOUTIA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

MALACCA MARU ... Wednesday, 8th Aug.

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

TANGO MARU ... Friday, 17th Aug.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

MORIOKA MARU (Mojito direct) ... Monday, 30th July.

SADO MARU ... Monday, 30th July.

SUWA MARU ... Monday, 30th July.

+ Cargo only. Subject to alteration without notice.

For further information, apply to NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

Telephone: Central No. 292 (Private exchanges to all Depts.)



KONINKLIJKE PAKETVAART

MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA)

THE MOTOR VESSEL

"VAN HEUTSZ"

Due to sail to SINGAPORE, BELAWAN, DELI and PENANG, on 2nd August, at Noon.

Offers excellent Saloon accommodation.

All lower berths. Doctor carried.
English cuisine. Wireless telegraph.
1st Class Fare to Singapore—\$125.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.) Service to destinations in the Netherlands East Indies and Australia.

Agents—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LIJN.

Telephone 1574. YONG BUIKHOE, CRATER ROAD.

Shipping News

Week-End Statement, Waterfront News, Vessels Expected, etc.

WEEK-END FREIGHT RETURNS.

LOCAL IMPORTS FAIR.

THROUGH FREIGHTS VERY GOOD.

The amount of general merchandise, discharged at Hong Kong during the week-end was only fair, but cargo for ports beyond was well above the average. The shipping figures remained good with twenty-eight arrivals and thirty-three departures for the week-end. Only one British ship arrived in port on Saturday but cargoes discharged and carried by British ships during the week-end were very good.

Saturday's Statement.

With twelve arrivals and fourteen departures the general imports were low. Six vessels, of which only one was British, carried an average of over 4,000 tons per vessel for through ports.

Nine vessels discharged goods for this port amounting to 6,339 tons, and one British ship, the s.s. *Nankin* had 45 tons for this port. The best returns were shown by the s.s. *Thompson* (Norwegian) with 3,555 tons of coal from Chikwangtung and the s.s. *President Garfield* (U.S.A.) from San Francisco and Shanghai with 1,635 tons of general.

Six vessels carried 25,333 tons of through cargo, of which the s.s. *Nankin* was the only British vessel. However, this vessel was best carrier with 3,730 tons of general cargo from Kobe and Shanghai.

The second best carrier was the s.s. *Seiya Maru*, with 4,569 tons.

Yesterday's Figures.

Sixteen arrivals and nineteen departures showed an improvement in the local imports for yesterday 9 a.m. Although through cargoes were not so high as the previous day the figures remained good. There were five British arrivals and departures and the through freights carried by British ships were good. Fifteen vessels had cargo for this port totalling 9,841 tons, and four British ships discharged 2,870 tons. The best carriers were the s.s. *Hardrot* (Norwegian) with 1,500 tons of general cargo from Bangkok, and the s.s. *Kaitu Maru* from Wakamatsu with 1,700 tons of coal.

Six vessels had through cargo amounting to 16,371 of which four British ships contributed 6,739 tons. The best carrier was a British ship—s.s. *Aeneas* from Glasgow and Singapore with 6,132 tons. The s.s. *Fulda* (German) from Bremen and Manila had 4,903 tons.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

American Mail Line.

President Madison, August 3rd.

Australian-Oriental Line.

Changite, August 7th.

Taiiping, September 7th.

Bank Line.

City of Kharoum, August 4th.

City of Evansville, August 10th.

City of Halifax, August 17th.

City of Khios, September 1st.

City of Lincoln, September 14th.

City of Eastbourne, October 10th.

British India and Appear Line.

Talma, to-day.

Warfield, August 6th.

Tilawa, August 15th.

Takada, August 16th.

Takada, August 30th.

Talamba, September 3rd.

Blue Funnel Line.

Bellerophon, August 8th.

Phemius, August 9th.

Glauco, August 7th.

Teucer, August 14th.

Culchus, August 18th.

Automedon, August 18th.

Antiochus, August 20th.

Philoctetes, August 21st.

Elpenor, August 22nd.

Sarpedon, August 23rd.

Lycan, August 24th.

Tyndareus, September 2nd.

Orestes, August 31st.

Aeneas, September 7th.

Meneleus, September 9th.

Achilles, September 18th.

Telamon, September 18th.

Protesilaus, September 20th.

Meriones, September 29th.

Matopos, September 29th.

Atyanax, October 9th.

Onifa, October 15th.

Talithyphus, October 18th.

Adrasius, October 17th.

Agapenor, October 17th.

Diomed, October 18th.

Hector, November 15th.

Ision, November 8th.

Titan, November 20th.

Canadian Pacific Line.

Empress of Canada, July 30th.

Dollar Steamship Line.

President Cleveland, to-day.

President Lincoln, to-day.

East Asiatic Co., Copenhagen.

Java, to-day.

Danmark, August 24th.

Asia, September 6th.

Chile, September 31st.

Eastern and Australian Lines.

Jyrfur, August 1st.

Tandua, August 8th.

St. Albans, September 3rd.

Glen Line.

Glenamoy, August 10th.

Glenace, August 11th.

Glenagarry, September 1st.

Glenapp, September 14th.

Hamburg-America Line and

Hugo Stinnes Linie.

Heidelberg, August 25th.

Rheinland, August 29th.

Havensstein, August 31st.

Carl Legien, September 4th.

Leverkuhn, September 13th.

Java-China-Japan Line.

Tikaranga, August 2nd.

Tikembang, August 8th.

Tikini, August 13th.

Tijndak, August 13th.

Tijmanroea, August 16th.

Tijmanroek, August 27th.

Tijmanroem, August 27th.

Messageries-Maritimes.

Chenonceau, to-morrow.

Paul Lecat, July 31st.

Jin, August 4th.

Andre Lebon, August 14th.

Portoth, August 14th.

Athos II, August 28th.

D'Arriagun, September 11th.

Sphinx, September 25th.

General Mettinger, October 6th.

Prince Line.

Royal Prince, August 22nd.

Javanese Prince, September 16th.

Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Ringo Maru, to-morrow.

Taiyo Maru, August 1st.

Anjo Maru, August 4th.

Atsuta Maru, August 10th.

Tamba Maru, August 10th.

Delagoa Maru, August 16th.

Calcutta Maru, August 21st.

Mishima Maru, August 21st.

Kashima Maru, August 24th.

Korea Maru, August 29th.

Horddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen.

Schlesien, August 24th.

Triar, August 28th.

Swedish East Asiatic Co., Ltd.

Delhi, to-day.

Japan, August 22nd.

Sumatra, August 31st.

DAILY WATERFRONT NEWS.

SINGAPORE HARBOUR.

ANNUAL REPORT OF MARINE DEPARTMENT.

[BY LONGSHOREMAN.]

The annual report of the Marine Department, Straits Settlements, states:—

The total revenue collected in the Colony amounted to \$61,811.83 in 1927. The numbers of European and native seamen shipped and discharged were 1,283, 22,378, 1,278 and 21,717, respectively, as against 1,430, 19,979, 1,434 and 19,769, respectively in 1926.

The numbers of European and native seamen who died and deserted were 7, 98, 5 and 22, respectively as against 2, 23, 4 and 19, respectively in the year 1926.

The number of European seamen who obtained certificates of competency under section 22 of Ordinance No. 123 (Merchant Shipping), as Masters and Mates for foreign-going ships was 4 and 5 and the number of native seamen who obtained certificates of competency as Masters and Gunners for local steam vessels was 3 and 5 respectively; and as helmsmen eleven.

The number and tonnage of all vessels, i.e., merchant-vessels, native-craft, men-of-war, etc., entered and cleared at the five ports of the Colony during the year 1927 were 91,119 and 42,617,239 being an increase of 1,908,250 tons as compared with the year 1926.

S.S. "Cape Lay" Sunk Off Haiphong River.

It is stated that wireless message received by steamer from the Saigon Naval station on July 10th, report that the Chargeurs Reunis steamer, *Cape Lay* was driven on to the rocks at the entrance of the Haiphong River during a typhoon. The boilers exploded and the vessel sank. At the time of the disaster there were 250 persons on board, and of these a number are said to have been drowned.

If it is true that the boilers exploded it is almost certain that loss of life must have been sustained in the stokehold and engine room. At the moment no official reports are available in Singapore. The agents of the company, the successors of Moine Comte, Ltd., are unable to supply any further detail beyond the fact that the vessel is a total loss.—Straits Times.

90,000 Cases Of Oil.

The American s.s. *Archer* (tonnage 4,872) arrived here yesterday from New York and Iloilo with 80,000 cases of oil. Her master is Captain W. Sahfeldt.

Asiatic Deck Passengers.

Ten vessels brought 577 Asiatic deck passengers to the Colony during the period ending at 9 a.m. yesterday.

Peninsular and Oriental.

Kalyan, August 2nd.
Kashmir, August 4th.
Kidderpore, August 10th.
Naldera, August 16th.
Rajputana, August 18th.
Kashgar, August 30th.
Nagpore, August 30th.
Morca, September 13th.
Khiva, September 27th.
Macedonia, October 12th.
Karmala, October 19th.
Khyber, October 28th.
Mantua, November 8th.
Mantua, December 7th.

P. & O., British India Apcar and Eastern & Australian Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, WEST INDIES, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEBEC, LAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE, GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FOURNIGHTLY DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(Under Contract with H.M. Government.)

Steamship	Tons.	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
* "KASHMIR"	8,835	4th Aug., Noon	Mars., London, Antwerp & Hull.
* "KIDDERPORE"	5,534	10th Aug.	Straits, Bombay & Karachi.
* "RAJPUTANA"	16,568	13th Aug.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
* "NALDERA"	16,088	1st Sept.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
* "KALYAN"	9,144	15th Sept.	Mars., London, Antwerp & Hull.
* "KASHGAR"	8,005	22nd Sept.	do.
* "MOREA"	10,553	13th Oct.	Marseilles and London.
* "KHIVA"	9,135	27th Oct.	do.
* "MACEDONIA"	11,120	10th Nov.	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
* "LAHORE"	5,252	17th Nov.	Mars., London, Antwerp, B'ham, H'burgh
* "KHYNES"	9,114	24th Nov.	Marseilles and London.
* "KARMAIA"	9,128	1st Dec.	do.
* "MALWA"	10,646	8th Dec.	do.
* "KASHMIR"	8,985	15th Dec.	do.
* "NALDERA"	16,088	22nd Dec.	do.
* "MANTUA"	10,943	5th Jan., 1929	do.
* "KALYAN"	9,144	19th Jan. "	do.
* "MOREA"	10,553	2nd Feb. "	Bombay, Marseilles and London.
* "KASHGAR"	8,005	16th Feb. "	Marseilles & London.

